THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

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BIG BUNDLE
FOR LITTLE MONEY

Is what you get when you buy your Suit or Overcoat here. Great stocks of choice garments to select from. Nothing here but what we guarantee; and we guarantee only that which we know is right.

Good Suits and Overcoats, - $7.50 to $10.00
Best Suits and Overcoats, - $12.00 to $20.00

BETTER THAN MANY. EQUAL TO ANY.

Henry Peyser & Son.

GARDEN
WHEELBARROWS
AND FLORAL TOOLS.

A. P. WENDELL & CO.
2 MARKET SQUARE.

TAKE NOTICE.

NOW is the time to bring in your Harnesses and get them Cleaned and Oiled for the Spring Business.

JOHN S. TILTON'S
Congress Street.

HERALD ADS GIVE BEST RESULTS

Try One And Be Convinced.

Gray & Prime

COAL

IN BAGS

NO DUST NO NOISE

311 Market St. Telephone 2-4.

Buy Now!

We just received a new lot of

Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wagons, Steam Laundry Wagons, Store Wagons and Stanhope Carriages,

also a large line of New and Second-Hand Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy and Light, and I will sell them at Very Low Prices.

☞ Just drop around and look them, if not want to buy.

THOMAS McCUE.
Stone Stable, - Fleet Street

SEE THE ANNOUNCEMENT
—OF—
THE HERALD.
A Free Trip
—TO THE—
Pan-American Exposition

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

10c. 25c. 50c. All Druggists.

Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

UNHAPPY RUSSIA.

Cossacks And Workmen Have Bloody Clash.

A Plot To Kill The Czar Has Been Discover d.

Students Drew Lots To See Who Should Be The Assassin.

LONDON, March 25, 2:00 A. M.—The Daily Mail this morning publishes the following from its St. Petersburg correspondent, under date of the 24th: "Yesterday (Saturday) five hundred workmen from the Obuchower metal works paraded on the Nevskoi Prospekt. On the way thither they demolished the state brandy booths. Eight hundred Cossacks with drawn swords met the workmen and a sanguinary encounter ensued. The number of killed and wounded is kept a secret. The police have discovered a plot against the life of the czar. It seems that a group of students drew lots to see who should commit the crime and the fatal choice fell to the son of a general. The student told his father, who informed the czar, imploring him to leave the city."

The Situation Is Serious.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 24.—The situation has become so serious that Emperor Nicholas called a meeting of the ministers yesterday, to consider the state of public affairs. Threatening letters have been received by the ministers of war, of justice and of the interior. A renewed demonstration on a great scale is expected tomorrow. It is reported that the prince of Viavensky has been disgraced for petitioning the czar to consider the grievances of the students. The day passed quietly in St. Petersburg. About 20,000 people promenaded along the principal streets, particularly in front of the cathedral of Our Lady of Kavan, but the crowd dwindled to normal size when it became apparent that nothing out of the ordinary would happen.

COLORADO SNOWBOUND.

DENVER, March 24.—A heavy snow storm prevails all over the state, in some places reaching the proportions of a blizzard. From three to ten inches has fallen. The storm continues tonight with severity on the mountains, blocking the railroads. The cattlemen have suffered greatly. All trains from the east are delayed in western Kansas. On the western slope of the mountains the snowfall is heaviest.

PROPOSAL TO ARBITRATE.

MARSEILLES, March 24.—The proposal to arbitrate the differences involved in the strike has led to a general relaxation. The measures of the police are less strict. All the troops have been withdrawn from the streets and other public places, although they remain under arms in the barracks. This morning the trolley cars commenced running again. The general situation is one of calm.

SHAMROCK II.

GLASGOW, March 24.—Sir Thomas Lipton visited Dumbarton yesterday, to view the progress of the work on Shamrock II. The ceremony for launching the cup challenger has been definitely set for April 20th. The marchioness of Dufferin will christen the boat.

FOR MURDERING MISS FOSBURGH.

MIDDLEBURY, VT., March 24.—Nelson Jones, son of Miner Jones of Shoreham, for whom Ida Fosburgh worked, was arrested tonight on a warrant charging him with murdering Miss Fosburgh by sending her poison through the mails.

IMPERIAL TROOPS BARRED OUT.

TIEN TSIN, March 24.—The Germans have barred the Chinese imperial troops from the passes leading to the Chi Li and Shan Si frontier and intend summering in the vicinity of Shan Hai Kwan.

ANOTHER POINT FOR RUSSIA.

YOKOHAMA, March 24.—Advices received here from Seoul, Corea, announce that the Corean government has dismissed McLeavy Brown, director general of the Corean customs, although Great Britain protested against his dismissal.

London's View Of It.

LONDON, March 24.—The dismissal of McLeavy Brown from the post of director general of the Corean customs is regarded here as another score for Russia. In 1895 and again in 1898, Russian pressure was brought to bear to procure his removal and in the latter instance it was only warded off when Great Britain sent a squadron to Chemulco.

A New Russian Demand.

LONDON, March 24.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says that the Russian minister at Seoul has protested against Corea taking any foreigners except Russians into the government service and has demanded the appointment of a number of Russians. Corea, however, with the help of the powers, seems determined to preserve her integrity.

CARRIE IS STILL ACTIVE.

KANSAS CITY, March 24.—Mrs. Carrie Nation arrived here this evening, after an eventful day in Leavenworth. It was believed there that she would make an attempt at joint smashing and two policemen accompanied her all the time that she was there. She tried to speak in the Leavenworth Opera house, but it was locked against her. She also made an attempt to speak in the square, but the police stopped her. Later she addressed a crowd in a vacant lot. She visited the National Soldiers' and Sailors' home, where she began abusing Governor Rowland for allowing the canteen there. The governor called the captain of police, who escorted her from the grounds.

SNOW IN AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, March 24.—Austria is experiencing a heavy snowfall, the third of the winter. In some places it has been snowing steadily for thirty-six hours and railroad communications are seriously interrupted. Several rivers in Bohemia have overflowed their banks and flooded villages. Further freshets are feared when the snow melts on the mountains.

SEVERE FIGHTING.

CAPE TOWN, March 24.—There was severe fighting on Friday, March 22d, between the British and Boers at Hartebeestfontein, east of Klerksdorp, in the Transvaal.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Forecast for New England: Rain and warmer Monday, fresh to brisk to southeast winds; Tuesday rain.

In the Spring

When we would like to feel strong, vigorous and ambitious, we are weak, tired and dull; appetite

Take

is poor, food is not relished, sleep does not seem to refresh, we go to bed tired and get up tired. This

America's

condition is because of thin, impure, sluggish blood which is unequal to the demands of the body

Greatest

for more life, vigor, energy, strength. Nature cries for help, and it is to be found in Hood's Sarsaparilla, the

Spring

great blood purifier, blood enricher, blood vitalizer.

Medicine

Be sure to get Hood's, because it is Peculiar to Itself—and remember, also,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

MACHINERY AND TRANSPORTATION.

The Machinery and Transportation Building is one of the largest structures of the Exposition. Its dimensions are 500 feet from east to west and 350 feet from north to south. The northern side is upon the Mall, the eastern facade fronts the Court of Fountains, and the southern the Court of Lilies, while the western frontage is upon the Grand Canal.

FELL THREE STORIES.

BOSTON, March 25, 2:00 A. M.—Edward H. Hooper, for more than twenty-five years treasurer of Harvard college, and a lawyer, fell from the third story of his residence, 49 Beacon street, shortly after midnight, and sustained severe, although probably not fatal, injuries. He was badly hurt about the head and some of his ribs possibly are fractured. Mr. Hooper has been confined to his room for the past ten days by illness resulting from overwork, and has been in the care of a trained nurse. This morning, while the nurse was temporarily absent from the room, Mr. Hooper got out the window in some manner and fell twenty-five feet. Nobody saw the accident and it is not known how it happened.

NO POLICE LEGISLATION.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The leading republican politicians of this city and state held a meeting in Senator Platt's room at the Fifth avenue hotel this afternoon. They were in conference for several hours and as a result, decided not to attempt any police legislation this year. The meeting adjourned subject to the call of Senator Platt, whenever, in his judgment, legislation shall seem desirable. All who talked after the meeting said that it was entirely harmonious.

INSURGENTS SURRENDERING.

MANILA, March 24.—In the province of Cavite, four insurgent officers and fifty-three men have surrendered to Lieut. Col. Baldwin of the Fourth infantry and one officer and twelve men to Col. Schuyler of the Forty-sixth.

THE PLAGUE SPREADS.

CAPE TOWN, March 24.—The bubonic plague continues to spread here. An average of six fresh cases are officially reported daily. Most of the victims are colored.

Tell Your Friends
ABOUT
The Herald's Great Offer
—OF—
A Free Trip
—TO THE—
Pan-American Exposition

WHEN WE WERE TWENTY ONE.

William Morris and a fine supporting company presented the charming comedy, When We Were Twenty-One, at Music hall on Saturday evening, to an audience of goodly size. The cast was the same as at the previous appearance of the attraction in this city and the production was of the same delightful quality. Evidences of a master hand were seen in the arrangements of the settings for all the four acts. No more deserving play has been seen in Music hall this or any other season.

BY THE BARON de GINZBURG.

On Saturday evening, Baron Henry L. de Ginzburg gave a very interesting address to an assembly of Y. M. C. A. members and their friends, in the reception room of the association. The baron told of the settlement of the Boer territory, the organization of the Transvaal, and his thrilling experience in the English-Boer war. He is a very pleasing speaker and held the attention of his audience throughout his address. This (Monday) evening, the baron will give an address in Peirce hall.

PLEASES NEW CASTLE.

Citizens Highly Gratified at the State Appropriation For Highways.

The people of New Castle and even the selectmen, were greatly and happily surprised to learn on Saturday that through the efforts of Senator Urch, a joint resolution passed the legislature, in favor of the highways of the town to the amount of $500.

By the advice of the senator, Representative Pridham introduced a resolution early in the session appropriating the sum named, to be expended in blasting ledges in the highways of the town, and the same was referred to the committee on roads, bridges and canals, before which the senator from this district appeared in its behalf.

Notwithstanding his able argument in behalf of the claims of the town, the above committee cut the amount to $250 and reported the latter amount.

The resolution was then referred to the committee on appropriations, before which Senator Urch demanded a hearing which was purposely neglected, or it was never intended that he should be heard, for the resolution was pocketed for weeks, and was only reported to the house after an express demand that the resolution be at once incorporated, among a dozen others about to be reported, but it suffered another cut of $100, leaving $150 in favor of the town. With that amount it passed the house.

On the arrival of the resolution in the senate, Senator Urch immediately induced the senate committee to which it was referred to amend it by striking out $150 and substituting $500, which amendment he successfully supported. The same was unanimously adopted by the senate. The resolution was then sent back to the house for its concurrence and was at once tabled by Ahern of Concord.

After sulking for a week or more, the house voted to concur, and New Castle gets the full amount, notwithstanding the adverse report of two important legislative committees.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

The golf links are now visited daily by lovers of the game.

This is election day in Kittery and quite a number will be absent.

The fifty foot cutter was photographed on Saturday while steaming at full speed.

Captain P. F. Harrington, U. S. N., expects to test the big electric light and power plant in about two weeks.

Hon. John Barrett was very much pleased with this naval station and the size and location was a big surprise to him.

Clifford Van Allen will report for duty in the C. and R. office today as a typewriter operator. Mr. Van Allen was formerly employed at Pittsburg, Pa., by the Penn. R. R.

Y. M. C. A. SERVICE.

The Y. M. C. A., held its first religous service in U. V. U. hall on Sunday at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. V. M. Morse of Kittery gave a very interesting address. Dr. E. B. Goodall directed the choir. Arrangements have been made for a series of six meetings this spring. Next Sunday W. A. Morse, general secretary of the Nashua Y. M. C. A., will address the meeting.

INSPECTED THE PROPERTY.

The committee chosen to recommend a site for the club house of the new Country club went down on Lafayette road, Saturday, and inspected the Langdon property. It was agreed that these grounds seemed quite fit for the location of the club building. The committee will so report at the next meeting of the club, called for Thursday evening.

SPORTING NOTES.

More than half the schedule of the basket ball league has been completed.

The organization of a country club in this city fills the proverbial "long felt want."

The Delapoon and Wattawamat basket ball teams will fight it out in York town hall, this (Monday) evening.

William T. Reid, Jr., the famous Harvard base ball and football player, will coach the universivy eleven next fall.

M. W. Long, the champion quarter mile runner, has abandoned athletics, and will henceforth devote his attention to business.

Local base ball followers would like to see the Portsmouth Electric railway push the national game, as it is pushed by the electric railways of Dover and Hampton.

A large number of bicycle manufacturers have decided to re-enter the racing game, and several professional teams will follow the national circuit, next summer.

The New England base ball league, which has been talked about so persistently for the last few weeks, has at last been organized, with the following cities represented; Manchester, Lowell, Haverhill, Lewiston, Bangor and Portland. The applications of Nashua and Lynn have also been taken under consideration.

Wattawamats vs. Delapoons at York tonight. Special car leaves Badger's island at 7:00 o'clock. Late car and boat after dance.

CIVILIAN CREWS AND OFFICERS.

The bureau of navigation has been charged with the task of substituting merchant crews for the regular naval crews on several of the government steam colliers, and will soon be able to release from this duty quite a large number of enlisted men and several officers for regular duty. The action is in line with the ideas of Rear Admiral Bradford on the subject, and is carrying out the intentions of the bureau of equipment in the matter of an efficient colliery system for naval purposes. The United States steam collier Cæsar will be among those whose crew and officers will be changed from naval to merchant personnel.

EASTER SALE.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Pearl street church will hold an Easter sale and entertainment at their vestry next Wednesday evening. Aprons and fancy articles will be for sale, also ice cream, cake and confectionery.

Arrangements are perfected for an excellent literary and musical entertainment, consisting of readings by two elocutionists, whistling solos, vocal and instrumental music, including piano, castanets, and graphophone.

POLICE NEWS.

No evidences of the sale of liquors were found by the officers on Sunday.

A man was arrested on Saturday, charged with assaulting his stepdaughter.

One drunk, captured at the Creek by Officer Quinn in the evening, was the only Sunday arrest.

There were seven lodgers in the station on Sunday night. Not one tramp applied for a bunk on Saturday night.

YACHT CLUB SMOKER.

The members of the Portsmouth Yacht club have received circulars telling them that Constructor John G. Tawresey, U. S. N., is to deliver an address on "Ship Building and Yacht Construction," at the smoke talk to be held on Tuesday evening. Supper is to be served at half past seven o'clock. This promises to be one of the most enjoyable affairs that has ever taken place at the club house.

NIGHT WAS HER TERROR.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 15 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Globe Grocery Co.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

PORTSMOUTH POST OFFICE

MAILS ARRIVE.

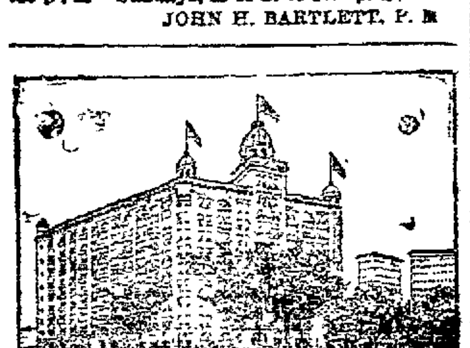
From
New York, West and South, 10:30 a. m., 5:30, 6:30 p. m.
Boston, 10:30 a. m., 1:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.
Boston and way stations, 10:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
All points East, 7:30 a. m., 3:00, 9:00 p. m.
Portland and way stations, 7:30, 11:30 a. m., 3:00, 6:30, 9:00 p. m.
Concord and points North, 10:30 a. m., 6:30 p. m.
Concord and way stations, 10:30 a. m. p. m.
North Conway and way stations, 11:00 a.
Sanbornville, 5:30, 11:00 a. m., 6:30 p. m.
White Mountains, 7:30, 11:00 a. m., 1:00, 6:30, 9:00 p. m.
Dover, 7:30, 11:00 a. m., 5:30, 6:30, 9:00 p. m.
Newcastle, 9:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.
Newington, 9:30 a. m.
Kittery and York, 11:00 a. m., 6:00 p. m.
Eliot, 11:00 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
Sundays, 11:00 a. m.

MAILS CLOSE.

for
Boston, West and South, :45, 10:25 a. m., 4:55, 6:50 p. m.
Boston and way stations, 10:25 a. m., 1:50, p. m.
All points East, 8:25 a. m., 1:50, 7:00 p. m.
Portland and way stations, 9:25 a. m., 12 4:55, 7:00 p. m.
Concord and points North, 8:00, 9:25 a. m. 12:20, 4:55, 6:50 p. m.
Manchester and way stations, 8:00, 12:20 a. 4:55 p. m.
North Conway and way stations, 9:25 a. m.
Sanbornville, 9:25 10:25 a. m., 5:00 p. m.
White Mountains, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 a. m., 4:55, 7:00 p. m.
Dover, 9:25 a. m., 1:50, 4:55, 7:00 p. m.
Newcastle, 10:30 a. m., 4:15 p. m.
Newington, 10:25 a. m.
Kittery and York, 10:25 a. m., 5:25 p. m.
Eliot, 9:25 a. m., 5:00 p. m.
Sundays, 4:00 p. m.

Registered mail closes one-half hour earlier than ordinary mail.

OFFICE HOURS: Week-days, 7:30 a. m. to 8:00 p. m. Sundays, 12:00 m. to 1:00 p. m.
JOHN H. BARTLETT, P. M.



HOTEL EMPIRE

BROADWAY AND 63d ST., N. Y. CITY.

...... ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF ......
...... MODERATE RATES ......

Perfect Cuisine — Efficient Service
Fine Library — Select Patronage

From Grand Central Station take Broadway and 7th Ave. cars; seven minutes to EMPIRE.
From the Fall River Boats take the 9th Ave. Elevated to 59th St., from which Hotel is one minute's walk.
Within ten minutes of amusement and shopping centres. All cars pass the EMPIRE.
Send postal for descriptive booklet.
W. JOHNSON QUINN, Proprietor.

. . ALLENHURST INN : .
AND COTTAGES,
"From Lake to Ocean."
ALLENHURST, N. J.
Open June to October.
W. JOHNSON QUINN.

PILES

"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man."
C. H. KEITZ, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 312

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

A Fulsome Compliment.

During Mr Cleveland's tour of the south shortly after his marriage Mrs. Cleveland and he were driving one day through the streets of one of the larger towns escorted by two of its citizens. Some one threw a bunch of violets to Mrs Cleveland, and Mr. Cleveland bent forward to catch it, remarking as he presented it, "I wonder why no one gives me flowers?"

One of the gentlemen present gallantly replied, "We think you have won the fairest flower in all the land!"

"Ah, yes," returned the president, "but, you see, I can't keep her in water!"

"It is not necessary, since you keep her in such excellent spirits," was the reply.

Here Mrs. Cleveland interposed, saying, "I am afraid you are guilty of flattery," whereupon came the reply:

"No madam. Flattery is fulsome compliment, and in this instance no compliment could be either too frank or too fulsome." The charm of this response lies in the last and fourth from the last words, Mr. Cleveland's maiden name being Frances Folsom.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Seeing Snakes.

Drunkards and especially people suffering from delirium tremens "see snakes" [illegible] of the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] which produces snakes in appearance [illegible] [illegible] it has been supposed that the [illegible] which [illegible] persons having seen in the alcoholic delirium were simply creatures of the imagination. Now we are told that these hallucinations have an actual basis. Statistics on this subject collected by the [illegible] list show that 95 per cent of the visual hallucinations experienced in delirium tremens consist of serpents in one form or another.

The Moth and the Flame.

Moths [illegible] to candle flame because [illegible] can bear only a small amount of light. When, therefore, they come within the light of a candle, their sight is overpowered and their senses confused, and [illegible] they cannot distinguish objects they pursue the light itself and fly against the flame.

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION
Buffalo, N. Y., May 1st to Nov 1st, 1901

The Herald's Free Trip Voting Contest

This is One Vote

FOR

Name ....

Write or stamp name of your favorite and mail or send to the VOTING DEPARTMENT, PORTSMOUTH HERALD. Last vote must be in this office at 7 30 P. M. June 5th.

THE RIO DISASTER.

Inspectors Place Blame on the Late Captain and the Pilot.

San Francisco, March 23.—Captains O. F. Bolles and J. K. Bulger, United States inspectors of hulls and boilers, have handed down their decision on the responsibility for the wreck of the Rio de Janeiro Feb. 22 at the entrance of the Golden Gate.

Their decision places the blame for the wreck upon the late Captain Ward and Pilot Jordan. The pilot, being a state officer, is not under the jurisdiction of the United States inspectors, and they have no power to punish him.

The inspectors blame the chief engineer for inattention to his duties and revoke his license as chief engineer. He had ten white men in his charge, consisting of three engineers, three water tenders, three oilers and one storekeeper, and the inspectors are of the opinion that if Chief Engineer Herlihy had called this force on deck to man the boats many more lives would have been saved.

ARKANSAS GAMBLING BILL.

Measure Passed by Legislature Provides Drastic Measures.

Little Rock, March 23.—After a spirited contest the house of representatives refused to reconsider the vote by which it passed the senate bill for the suppression of gambling.

The bill imposes a fine of $500 to $1,000 for gaming, half the fine to go to the informant and half to the common school fund. It provides that if any prosecuting attorney, city attorney or mayor shall know of or be informed of any violation of the act and shall refuse or neglect to prosecute he shall, upon indictment and conviction, be fined, removed from office and disqualified thereafter from holding office in the state.

During the debate on the bill Representative J. W. Clark of Yell county caused a sensation by declaring that he could receive $250 by voting against the bill. Advocates of the measure contend that it will be a deathblow to gambling in this state.

USED DYNAMITE TO DIE.

Horrible Method of Suicide Adopted by an Ohio Farmer.

Payne, O., March 23.—Samuel Hagerty, a prosperous farmer, living three miles south of this place, committed suicide in a most shocking manner. He took a quantity of dynamite and went to the field, announcing his intention of blasting stumps.

Later a violent explosion warned the neighbors, and on investigation they found a few scattered remnants of Hagerty's body.

An inquest developed the fact that the dead man had placed the explosive in a large stump, sat thereon and deliberately lighted the fuse.

Despondency over the loss of his wife is thought to be the cause.

Why Botha Refused.

London, March 23.—The colonial secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, in the house of commons, replying to a question, said no specific objections had been made by General Botha to any of the peace terms offered by General Kitchener, and General Botha made no counter proposals. The only information in the possession of the government outside of that published in the papers was contained in a private telegram from General Kitchener saying that General Botha had a strong objection to Sir Alfred Milner.

Payment For Spanish Isles.

Washington, March 23.—Secretary Hay gave to the Spanish minister, Duke D'Arcos, a treasury warrant for $100,000 in payment for the island of Cagayan and other islands near the Philippine group. The payment was made in accordance with the terms of a treaty negotiated last November. Protocols have just been signed exchanging final ratifications which confirm the title of the United States to these islands.

Thief Shot by Watchman.

Paterson, N. J., March 23.—Joseph Raymond, known as "Polack Joe," is lying in a hospital here with a bullet in his right lung, and the doctors say he cannot recover. Raymond was shot by William Leslie, the night watchman of the Erie Railroad company's freight house. Leslie discovered six men stealing barrels of wine from the freight house and opened fire on them. One of the bullets struck Raymond.

New Railway Opened.

Colorado Springs, March 23.—The Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek District railway, the new short line from this city to the great gold camp west of Pike's peak, has been taught to Cripple Creek, and the first train left for that place, carrying a party of fay [illegible], including President Irving Howbert and General Manager A. C. Ridgeway of the new road.

DOWN A MOUNTAIN SHOOT.

The Fastest Time That Was Ever Made In the Saddle.

"I once took an involuntary hair raising ride," said a western man. "It was in Colorado a number of years ago. I was in the lumber business at the time and had a sawmill in a valley at the foot of an enormous mountain spur, covered with pine. The place where the best timber was cut was perhaps a mile away, and to save roundabout hauling we built what we called log shoots. They were simply V shaped troughs, as near straight as possible, running down the mountain side to the millyard.

"When a tree was felled, it was trimmed up, dumped into the nearest shoot and went down like a 10 inch shell. In the course of time the friction wore all the troughs as smooth as glass and also drove them into the ground, so they were mostly flush with the surface. One winter day I was out inspecting, riding a tough mustang pony, and concluded to visit a tract that had been worked over and abandoned. The ground was thickly covered with snow, and the pony was cautiously picking his way when suddenly he lurched forward and fell. I stuck in the saddle, and the next thing I knew we were whizzing through space like a rocket.

"You see, he had accidentally stepped into an abandoned log shoot, and as his legs were doubled under his body it was impossible for him to get out, but I discovered all that afterward. It happened so quickly I had no time to think, and all I remember of the ride is that swift swoop of perhaps five seconds and then a sail through the air. Some obstruction had jolted me off, and I lit in a snow bank 30 feet away. The horse, poor brute, was carried on about a quarter of a mile to a break in the trough and dashed against a pile of bowlders dead as a doornail. I was comparatively unhurt, but so stunned and shaken up that it took me several hours to crawl back to the mill. The distance I actually traversed in the shoot was about 300 yards, and I am prepared to bet it was the fastest time ever made in the saddle."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

HE GOT A CHANGE OF VENUE.

But the Lawyer Lost His Client In the Move.

A good story is told of a Kansas City lawyer. He is more of a corporation lawyer than anything else, but once in awhile he has been called upon to show his knowledge of criminal law. It was not so very long ago that he was in Oklahoma, and he undertook the defense of a negro who had killed a white man. The feeling against the negro was intense, and it had been only through the most strenuous efforts of the officers that he had been permitted to live for his trial. It was very evident that an unprejudiced jury could not be obtained in the little place where the crime was committed, and it was the intention of the Kansas City man to ask for a change of venue. After he had worked on the case for some time he ascertained that the judge was going to deny anything like a change and that his man was to be tried and hanged as soon as possible. The lawyer thought long and hard over the matter and finally hit upon a scheme which he thought would be successful in influencing the court.

By the liberal use of money he succeeded in securing a dozen men who, when the negro was brought into the courtroom, were to cry: "Hang him! Hang him!" The lawyer thought that this would be evidence of the prejudice against his client that could not be overlooked by the court.

The day for the trial arrived, and the defendant was brought into court. As soon as he made his appearance a dozen shouts went up.

"Hang him! Hang him! Hang the black scoundrel!"

The cry was taken up all over the courtroom. While the attorney smiled to himself as he saw his little scheme succeed, but, to his horror, the cries redoubled in force, the crowd surged in an irresistible wave toward the prisoner, and before it could be prevented the negro was taken out and hanged to a convenient tree.

The young Kansas City attorney now confines himself entirely to corporation law and politics.—Pittsburg News.

Her Awful Sin.

Mr. Tollemache tells in The Spectator the following story of a little girl, which he had, he says, at only one remove, from her own father. The child once went in great distress to her mother, saying that she had committed a sin which could never be forgiven and which was too bad to be repeated. By dint of a little coaxing she was induced to make a full confession, which was in this wise:

"I felt so sorry for poor Satan and wanted to give him a little comfort. So I got a glass of cold water and poured it down a little hole in the kitchen floor."

Work on the Belmont Defender.

Bristol, R. I., March 23.—The chipping and calking of the cup defender, which is being carried on by means of compressed air power, is completed upward on both sides as far as the water line. The work on the hull of the boat has now advanced so far that the sailmakers are hustling to get the first suit of sails ready and thereby prevent delay in getting them on when the craft is in the water.

Mill Manager Killed by Train.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 23.—Frank B. Winslow, manager of the spring mill of the Sheldon Axle works, this city, has been killed by a Delaware and Hudson express train. He had ridden his wheel up the tracks, and the train overtook him before he could dismount and get out of the way. He came here from Amsterdam, N. Y.

TO CAPTURE AGUINALDO

Bold Venture by Funston and a Small Body of Troops.

EXPEDITION IS UNDER WAY.

With Ten Men and a Company of Native Scouts the Kansan General Has Entered Isabella Province.

Manila, March 23.—General Funston has gone into Isabella province with ten men and a company of native scouts on a daring attempt to capture Aguinaldo.

In January, from his hiding place in the province of Isabella, Aguinaldo wrote letters anathematizing the subchiefs who had taken the oath of allegiance to the United States. Later

GENERAL FUNSTON.

Aguinaldo ordered certain insurgent forces in southern Luzon to join him at a rendezvous in Isabella province.

The rebel officer intrusted with the aforesaid orders secretly negotiated with the Americans.

Funston Planned Attempt.

On securing necessary information General Funston planned Aguinaldo's capture, and, with General MacArthur's authorization, General Funston has proceeded to make the attempt.

General Funston, with Surgeon Major Harris, Captain Newton of the Thirty-fourth infantry, Lieutenant Admire of the Twenty-second infantry, Lieutenant Mitchell of the Fortieth infantry, six veteran scouts and a company of native scouts, all picked men, embarked on the gunboat Vicksburg and were landed on a remote beach above Baler.

It was arranged that Aguinaldo's emissary, with the native scouts, should pass themselves off as insurgent troops, who, having captured General Funston and others, were taking them as prisoners to Aguinaldo. At the right time, when brought before Aguinaldo, General Funston was to give a signal, when the tables were to be turned and Aguinaldo was to be seized.

GOVERNMENT OF NEGROS.

Natives Favor Election Instead of Appointment of Officers.

Bacolod, Island of Negros, March 23.—The United States Philippine commission has listened to a quantity of testimony on the conditions in the western part of Negros island, which have tended to show the island to be agriculturally the richest in the Philippines.

Negros has lately been afflicted with a plague of locusts and has been dissatisfied with the administration of public offices under the plan of self government which was established by General Otis in 1899.

Some natives have urged that when the new provisional government is organized the officers thereof be elected instead of mostly appointed, as provided by the new law. The commissioners responded that these offices were practically elective, being chosen by the municipal councilors. But they will consider all suggestions and defer the organization of a civil government until they have visited the other side of the island. Later the delegates acknowledged they were not successful in always securing the best officials through elections.

The fact that the island of Negros has already a system of civil government may render necessary the establishment of a temporary and provisional government to carry over affairs to the provincial government, which is far more limited in character.

Floods Inundate Spanish Towns.

Granada, Spain, March 23.—Several towns in the province of Granada have been inundated. The floods have done great damage. Part of the crops is ruined, many of the cattle have perished and a number of houses have collapsed. At Elora, a town 22 miles northwest of Granada, on the [illegible], half the town is surrounded [illegible] and some of the houses have fallen. At Geevola a girl was killed.

Suicide of Scranton Merchant.

Atlantic City, March 23.—William Stern [illegible], a prominent business man of Scranton, committed suicide in his [illegible] house by inhaling illuminating gas. He was found dead in bed. Before retiring Stern had [illegible] and removed [illegible]

[illegible]

$279,000.

HARDSHIP IN ALASKA.

The Experiences of a Party of Telegraph Line Builders.

Chicago, March 23.—The first details of the hardship and suffering endured by two corps of soldiers and engineers who attempted to construct a telegraph line between Dawson City and Fort St. Michael have reached Dr. Eugene S. Willard of Evanston in a letter from his son, P. E. Willard, who accompanied one of the parties.

A miscalculation was made, and the two corps, working from opposite ends of the line, missed each other by 70 miles. It appears that it was necessary to send a relay expedition drawn by reindeer to rescue the soldiers from death. The letter from Mr. Willard, dated at Eaton Reindeer Station, Dec. 31, 1900, is in part as follows:

Lieutenant Offley left Unalaklik as winter was setting in to build a line to Kaltag. At the same time Lieutenants Smith and Grimm set out from Kaltag to build across the portage, and the detachments were to meet half way between Kaltag and the coast.

In the middle of the winter word was brought by travelers that Lieutenants Smith and Grimm, after building 18 miles of telegraph line, were in distress. They had several men with them, and as there were no supplies at Kaltag and they had no communication with any other place they were in danger of starvation. Their mule team had gone through the ice of a river, and the load of provisions was lost.

All the men were turned out to shovel snow in an effort to move forward. This proved useless, for the mules at every step left a track of blood. Their hoofs were torn, and their legs were cut at every step. As soon as he heard of their condition Lieutenant Offley took a dog team and started to find them. He found them in frightful condition. They had leather shoes, which are of no use in this country, and their feet, hands, ears and faces were frozen. They were living on half rations.

The mules were suffering so much that two of them were shot. A request was sent to Dr. Francis H. Campbell, superintendent of the government reindeer in Alaska, that some of the deer from the Eaton station be sent to rescue the party. The reindeer, hauling sleds, were sent to the rescue. They proved to be superior to dogs, as it costs nothing to feed them. By Dec. 20 the soldiers had reached Unalaklik.

MRS. HALL TO VACATE.

With Mother and Brother She Will Leave the Gilman Mansion.

Bridgeport, Conn., March 23.—It has become known that Mrs. Helen Hall, with her mother and brother, intends to vacate the Gilman mansion at Black Rock. Mrs. Hall has been in New York for a week, but her mother, Mrs. Potts, visited the offices of the Bridgeport Trust company and stated that she was making preparations to leave Black Rock at once.

A coincidence in this connection is that Edward S. Percival, who represents the full blood heirs, visited the trust company and stated that he also would leave the mansion in the hands of the trust company. As soon as the present occupants leave the house the trust company will take an inventory of the place.

Orange Merwin, vice president of the trust company, who has been in New York for two days conferring with the attorneys interested and endeavoring to ascertain the status of Mr. Gilman's tea business, says that he is satisfied that George Hartford, manager of the tea stores, has no documentary evidence of a partnership between himself and Mr. Gilman.

It is now believed here that Miss Katherine Kupfer will put in a claim for $10,000 for "services rendered." The claim will declare that Miss Kupfer spent four years of her time painting in Mr. Gilman's studio, for which she has not received compensation. It is said that Miss Kupfer asked Mr. Gilman a number of times if she was to be reimbursed for her time and labor and always received the reply that a fortune was awaiting her. In some circles it is stated that there is a will in favor of Miss Kupfer, which was made four years ago.

Alleged Postal Robbers Caught.

Toledo, March 23.—Three men were brought here from Detroit and lodged in jail on suspicion of having been implicated in the West Toledo postoffice robbery. One of them is said to have been positively identified as the noted "Topeka Joe," who has a long criminal record. He was arrested in Portland, Or., last fall for a burglary committed in Wellsville, Va., and taken to the latter place, but escaped from jail and has not been heard of since until at present.

Furnace-Men Talk Strike.

Pittsburg, March 23.—The furnace employees' union, which includes the blast furnaces in Youngstown, Niles, Struthers, Lowell, Girard and Hubbard, O., has instructed its wage committee to call upon the furnace owners next Tuesday and present a demand for an advance in wages of 20 per cent, taking effect April 1. Leaders of the union assert that a general strike will be ordered if the advance is not conceded.

Russian General Asphyxiated.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—A dispatch from Vladivostok announces that Major General Keller, director of the Usuri railroad, has been asphyxiated in his car, which caught fire between Nikolsk and Baranovskoye. The attendant in charge of the heating apparatus also perished. The conductor saved his life by jumping from the car.

The Plans of the New York.

London, March 23.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Gibraltar says the United States armored cruiser New York will sail for Tangier March 26 to convey the embassy to Mazagan. Thence the embassy will proceed to Fez under a strong escort of the sultan's soldiers.

Hon. Clark Simmons Exonerated.

Weston, W. Va., March 23.—In the case of the state against Hon. Clark Simmons, president of the county court, charged with shooting with intent to kill Rev. John Rexroad in a quarrel over a lot of fence rails, the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty. Over 100 witnesses were examined.

RUSSIA IS TERRORIZED

Czar Secretly Removed From St. Petersburg to Gatschina.

NIHILIST PLOT UNEARTHED.

Sedition Reported to Be Rampant Throughout the Empire, and the Authorities Do Not Know Whom to Trust.

London, March 23.—A great plot of nihilists to assassinate the czar and overturn the existing government of Russia has been unearthed by the St. Petersburg police. As a result, the whole civil and military forces of the empire are uneasily watching developments.

The czar has been removed from his palace at St. Petersburg to Gatschina, the authorities being unwilling to take the responsibility of his remaining at the capital. The imperial family accompanied the czar, who was removed secretly at night after it had been given out as a blind that he would visit the barracks and review some troops about to depart for China.

All the troops in the capital and in the principal cities are under arms, and the state of affairs is such that in any other country a state of rebellion would be proclaimed. Outbreaks have occurred at many points, and nihilist agents sent out from the central committee at Zurich, Switzerland, are spreading a propaganda of assassination throughout the empire.

This propaganda is projected from Kiev and Odessa, the centers of nihilist activity and places easily reached by agents from European cities in other states. The police will be distributed in force through all the streets of St. Petersburg and Moscow, and domiciliary visits have already taken place.

The secret police in Berlin, Paris and the detectives here believe that the recrudescence of nihilism is due to a league between the leaders of the radical element in Russia and the anarchists of Italy and France. They recall the attempts, successful and otherwise, recently made on other monarchs and connect them with the assassination propaganda in Russia.

HIGH OFFICIAL SHOT AT.

Bullets Aimed at the Procurator of the Holy Synod.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—Another attempted assassination of one of the czar's high officials has added to the insurrectionary sentiment that seems to be rampant in all parts of Russia.

St. Petersburg, already wrought up by the admitted plots against the czar and the activity of the police in repressing public gatherings, is in a state bordering on panic over the attempt on the life of the procurator of the holy synod, the latest man marked for assassination.

The fact also that a provincial official was the man who tried to murder again proves the statement that the conspirators have backing from government officers.

Whether these plots emanate from the czar's palace to serve the czar's own ends or not, the fact remains that the repeated shooting at exalted persons has the country in a ferment.

The official chosen as a target for bullets was Privy Councilor Pobiedonostzeff, chief procurator of the holy synod. While writing in his study two bullets shattered a window, passed close to the procurator and were buried in the ceiling. Two other shots were fired, but did not enter the room.

The would be assassin was identified as one Lagowski, a provincial official. The procurator was unscathed.

An investigation into the cause of the attack is proceeding.

Japan Will Resist Russia.

Shanghai, March 23.—There is no confirmation of the reported concentration of Russian warships in Korean waters or of the rumored mobilization of the Japanese fleet. While foreign circles here generally doubt that an outbreak of hostilities will occur, the Chinese are satisfied that Japan is determined to resist Russian designs on Manchuria. General Gaselee, who has been in command of the British troops at Peking, has arrived here.

Supporting Allen's Candidacy.

Washington, March 23.—Senator Depew, General William H. Seward and Cordon W. Allen of New York talked with the president in behalf of Fred J. Allen of Auburn, N. Y., who is a candidate for commissioner of patents. Mr Allen is said to have the support of the whole New York delegation. The president expressed a favorable opinion of his candidacy, but did not indicate that he had made a final choice for the place.

California University Celebrates.

Berkeley, Cal., March 23.—Charter day was celebrated here [illegible] being the thirty third anniversary of the founding of the University of California. The faculty [illegible] in caps and gowns, assembled and marched across the college campus to the gymnasium where the exercises were held. The oration was delivered by President Arthur T. Hadley of Yale, whose subject was "Government by Public Opinion."

State of Siege In Marseilles.

Marseilles, March 23.—The [illegible] the town is occupied by detachments of cavalry patrol the thoroughfares, and [illegible] at various points and are massed at docks, where about [illegible] dock laborers are working. All gatherings of strikers are immediately dispersed. [illegible] few hacks and street cars running, are strongly protected by gendarmes.

PROGRESS IN SAMOA.

Reports From Commander Tilley and Lieutenant Commander Dorn.

Washington, March 23.—Assistant Secretary Hackett has received a report from Commander B. F. Tilley, commanding the naval station at Tutuila, Samoa, dated Auckland, March 2, 1901, saying that the repairs to the Abarenda have been completed. He says that the health of the ship's company is excellent and that everything is reported to be in a satisfactory state at Tutuila. Good progress is being made in the construction work at Pango-Pango.

Another communication was received from Lieutenant Commander Dorn, U. S. N., commanding the naval station at Tutuila in the absence of Commander Tilley, dated Feb. 25, reporting the ceremonies of the opening of a high school for girls at Autoloma, in the western district of Tutuila. This is the first school for girls established within the limits of the United States naval stations. It is modeled on the plan of the school near Apia, both being conducted by the London Mission society. Two ladies are in charge, and 100 pupils are accommodated.

The course will include instruction in English, history of the United States, sewing, household duties, etc., and extends over a term of four years. The school building was built by general subscription, the natives of Tutuila and Manua having contributed about $6,000 in money or its equivalent in copra. Besides this amount, the natives gave their time and labor gratuitously in grading and doing other work, including carpentering. Two hundred persons attended the opening exercises, including the native governors of Tutuila and a representative of the governor of Manua. The exercises were concluded by the singing of the hymn "America" in English, all present standing.

COAL MINERS' PLANS.

Men of Pittsburg District Warned to Be Ready For a Convention.

Pittsburg, March 23.—There is imminent danger of a strike of the coal miners in this district as a result of the operators' stand against granting the men's demands in the wage scale proposed for the year beginning April 1. The final conference is in session, and if an agreement is not reached the whole matter will be referred back to the men.

President Dolan of the miners says it looks as though a disagreement would result and has issued a warning to all the miners in the district to hold themselves in readiness for a sudden call for a convention to be held before April 1.

Lupton Sentenced.

Somerville, N. J., March 23.—William Lupton, convicted of atrocious assault and battery upon Alfred Paniel, has been sentenced to two years and six months in state prison at hard labor. A petition to which were attached many signatures asking for suspension of sentence was presented.

Fourth Class Postmasters.

Washington, March 23.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed:

Maryland—Brentwood, L. W. Hobson.

Pennsylvania—Kinzers, William Rutter; La Bott, D. G. Moore.

Cotton Mills to Shut Down.

Fall River, Mass., March 23.—The Chase, Davol, Matacomet, Shove, Stafford and Wampanoag cotton mills will be shut down next week in accordance with general curtailment policy.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.

New York, March 23.

Prime mercantile paper, 3½a4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange nominal, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅞a4.88 for demand and at $4.84¾ for 60 days. Posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.89. Commercial bills, $4.83¾a4.84¼. Bar silver, 60¼c. Mexican dollars, 49c. Government bonds irregular. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular.

Closing prices:

Atchison	61⅝	Northern Pacific	87½
Bur. & Quincy	165½	Do preferred	89
Chesapeake & Ohio	46¾	New York Central	146⅞
Chicago Gas	106	Ontario & Western	33⅞
Cotton Oil	26⅛	Pacific Mail	34¾
Del. & Hudson	164½	Reading	34⅞
Erie	35⅛	Rock Island	128⅝
General Electric	215	St. Paul	152¾
Lackawanna	196	Sugar Refinery	142½
Lead	15¼	Texas Pacific	35¾
Louisville & Nash	100⅝	Union Pacific	92¾
Manhattan Con	125¼	Wabash preferred	41⅞
Missouri Pacific	100⅞	Western Union	88⅝
North American	89½		

General Markets.

New York, March 23.

FLOUR—State and western continued steady, and a few odd lots were cleaned up at former prices, holders asking an advance on new business; Minnesota patents, $4.10a4.35; winter straights, $3.15a3.55; winter extras, $2.45a2.80; winter patents, $3.65a4.

WHEAT—Opened steady to firm on cables and further unfavorable crop news, advancing later on a demand from shorts; May, 80 7-16a80⅝c.; July, 80 5-16a80⅝c.

RYE—Steady; state, 56a57c., c. i. f., New York, carlots; No. 2 western, 61c., f. o. b., afloat.

CORN—Fairly active and firmer on small receipts, less satisfactory inspection and the rise in wheat.

OATS—Quiet, but steady; track, white, state, 32a36c.; track, white, western, 32a36c.

PORK—Firm; mess, $15.50a16.50; family, $16a16.50.

LARD—Quiet; prime western steam, $.25c.

BUTTER—Strong; fresh state dairy, 15a21c.; fresh creamery, 16a22c.

CHEESE—Steadier; fancy, large, colored and white, 11a11½c.; fancy, small, colored, 12½c.; fancy, small, white, 12a12¼c.

EGGS—Steadier; state and Pennsylvania, at mark, 13a13½c.; western, at mark, 13c.

SUGAR—Raw steady; fair refining, 3½c.; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 1-32c.; refined steady; crushed, 5.75c.; powdered, 5.35c.

TURPENTINE—Quiet at 37a37½c.

MOLASSES—Steady; New Orleans, 32a40c.

RICE—Steady; domestic, 3⅞a6¼c.; Japan, 4⅜a4⅞c.

TALLOW—Steady; city, 4⅝c.; country, 4⅞a5¼c.

HAY—Steady; shipping, 77½a80c.; good to choice, 85a95c.

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NAMES OF COUNTIES.

THE ROLL CONSTITUTES A NATIONAL SAINTS' CALENDAR.

It Is, in Fact, the Walhalla of Departed American Heroes, the Westminster Abbey Where Our Illustrious Dead Have Their Monuments.

There are 2,743 counties in the United States, and the titles by which these numerous divisions are known present material enough to form the basis of a profound study in the derivation of geographical names.

Had there been given in the beginning to the American people the task of agreeing upon nearly 3,000 such names invention and choice would doubtless have been paralyzed by its magnitude. The way this problem has solved itself during the past century certainly throws some side lights on national characteristics, and if the list of names evolved is on the whole not a very melodious one or as good a one as might have been expected considering the material there was to choose from it is yet better than the beginnings made 80 or 90 years ago would lead one to expect.

For at that time, when the first great waves of population rolled westward and a large part of the counties in the midwest were laid off and named, there seemed to be a regular poverty of thought on the part of those who bestowed geographical designations. Jedediah Morse, a quaint old geographer of about the year 1810, thus complains of this when speaking of the state of Ohio in particular: "While we are on the subject of towns we cannot forbear alluding to a practice of very perplexing effects which prevails more or less in all our new states, but particularly in Ohio. We allude to the custom of naming a great many towns in the same state after some distinguished character or after older settlements. In the single state of Ohio there are 9 towns by the name of Salem, 9 by the name of Greene, 9 Jeffersons, 9 Madisons, 10 Waynes and 13 Unions, besides a multitude of less frequent repetitions. Indeed we confidently assert that the names of a majority of the towns in Ohio are repeated from two to a dozen times.'

The same was true of the several newly formed western states in naming their counties. One after another slavishly repeated the county names of its nearest neighbor, and the result is that the county rolls of such nearly related states as Ohio, Indiana and Illinois are singularly alike. There are the same Washingtons, Jeffersons, Franklins, Marions and so on down the list, and the rest of the newer states have followed their lead until nearly all the great men of American history have each given names to from a dozen or so to as many as 30 counties.

During colonial times a greater part of the county names adopted were those of British shires and localities and of members of the English royal family. Thus all of the original 13 states have their Cumberlands, Montgomerys, Somersets and the like, and the whole nomenclature of Massachusetts, Connecticut and some other states is composed of English geographical names. Virginia and Maryland in the south adopted more extensively than the northern colonies the custom of naming counties after princes and rulers for whom the Puritans ever had but little love. Thus Virginia has not only a King and Queen county, but King George, King William, Prince Edward, Prince George, Prince William and Princess Anne besides. In Maryland counties there are found thus remembered Prince George and Queen Anne.

The Declaration of Independence, however, at once put a stop to the adoption of English names for new counties. The names of American patriots blossomed forth everywhere as the favorites to whom this distinction was given. Even the beautiful native Indian names, which as early as this period had often been bestowed, were now less frequently given. It is only a few of the original 13 states and of their earliest successors that made much use of this source of supply. The more recent western states, although having abundance of such material, have drawn from it very little. Less than 400 of the counties bear names of this kind, but they are among the most beautiful in the list, and it is much to be regretted that they were not more extensively used. Certainly the Cayuga, Chautauqua, Chenango, Onondaga, Oswego and Saratoga of New York, the Lackawanna, Susquehanna, Tioga and Wyoming of Pennsylvania or the Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Scioto and Tuscarawas of Ohio are more euphonious and pleasing to the ear, as well as more distinctive and thus more serviceable, than the monotonous repetition of Washingtons, Jeffersons and Lafayettes

Speaking of these Indian names, it is noticeable that they are generally rough and guttural in the northern parts of the country and more liquid in the south. Thus contrast such county names from Maine as Androscoggin and Sagadahoc with the Alachua and Suwanee of Florida or Michiliwackinac and Gogebic from Michigan and Snohomish and Klickitat from Washington with the soft and sibilant Tuscaloosa and Tallapoosa of Alabama. In the central states the names are generally of a type equally removed from these extremes of ruggedness and softness.

But the red man's names form but an inconspicuous part in the roll of counties, more than half of which commemorate Americans of national, state or even local reputation. In fact, this roll constitutes a sort of national saints' calendar, the Walhalla of departed American heroes, the Westminster abbey where the nation's illustrious dead have their monuments. Lord Nelson at the battle of Trafalgar is reported to have said something to the effect that "here goes for a peerage or a tomb in Westminster abbey." Unfortunately fate awarded the battle to the great admiral in his hour of triumph, or rather a tomb in St. Paul's, which was still less. But Perry, at the battle of Lake Erie, might still better have said, "Here goes at any event for a name spread over ten great American counties," for that is what his countrymen have awarded him, a monument certainly more lasting and imposing than a little bit of hideous marble, with a full quota of epitaphic mendacities.—Indianapolis Journal.

Dean Swift and the Masons.

When the masons were building it (as most tradesmen are rogues), I watched them very close, and as often as they could they put in a rotten stone, of which, however, I took no notice until they had built three or four perches beyond it. Now, as I am an absolute monarch in the liberties and king of the rabble, my way with them was to have the wall thrown down to the place where I observed the rotten stone, and by doing so five or six times the workmen were at last convinced it was their interest to be honest.—Unpublished Letters of Dean Swift.

OBSERVING WASPS.

They Use Landmarks to Guide Them Back to Their Prey.

There can be no doubt whatever that wasps have landmarks by which they are guided in their expeditions. Here is an exceedingly interesting account by Mr. Belt, one of our contributors, of the maneuvers of one of these wonderful creatures:

"A specimen of Polistes carnifex (i. e., the sand wasp) was hunting about for caterpillars in my garden. I found one about an inch long and held it out toward it on the point of a stick. It seized it immediately and commenced biting it from head to tail, soon reducing the soft body to a mass of pulp. It rolled up about one-half of it into a ball and prepared to carry it off. Being at the time amid a thick mass of a fine leaved climbing plant, it proceeded, before flying away, to take note of the place where it was leaving the other half. To do this it hovered in front of it for a few seconds, then took small circles in front of it, then larger ones round the whole plant. I thought it had gone, but it returned again and had another look at the opening in the dense foliage down which the other half of the caterpillar lay. It then flew away, but must have left its burden for distribution with its comrades at the nest, for it returned in less than two minutes and, making one circle around the bush, descended to the opening, alighted on a leaf and ran inside.

"The green remnant of the caterpillar was lying on another leaf inside, but not connected with the one on which the wasp alighted, so that in running in it missed it and soon got hopelessly lost in the thick foliage. Coming out again, it took another circle and pounced down on the same spot again, as soon as it came opposite to it. Three small seed pods, which here grew close together, formed the marks I had myself taken to note the place, and these the wasp seemed also to have taken as its guide, for it flew directly down to them and ran inside; but, the small leaf on which the fragment of caterpillar lay not being directly connected with any on the outside, it again missed it and again got far away from the object of its search. It then flew out again, and the same process was repeated again and again.

"Always when in circling round it came in sight of the seed pods, down it pounced, alighted near them and recommenced its quest on foot. I was surprised at its perseverance and thought it would have given up the search, but not so. It returned at least half a dozen times and seemed to get angry, hurrying about with buzzing wings. At last it stumbled across its prey, seized it eagerly and, as there was nothing more to come back for, flew straight off to its nest without taking any further note of the locality. Such an action is not the result of blind instinct, but of a thinking mind, and it is wonderful to see an insect so differently constructed using a mental process similar to that of man."—*Our Animal Friends.*

HONEY FOR CHILDREN.

Better Than Butter and Nature's Cure For the Candy Habit.

It would be greatly for the health of the present generation if honey could at least be partially restored to its former place as a common article of diet, says What to Eat.

In many cases it may be a matter of real economy to lessen the butter bill by letting honey in part take its place. A pound of honey will go about as far as a pound of butter, but if both articles be of the best quality honey will cost the less of the two. Often a prime article of extracted honey (equal to comb honey in every respect except appearance) can be obtained for half the price of butter or less.

We all know how children long for candy. This longing voices a need and is another evidence of the necessity of sugar in our diet.

Children should have all the honey at each mealtime that they will eat. It is safer and will largely do away with the inordinate longing for candy and other sweets.

At the present day honey is placed on the market in two forms—in the comb and extracted. "Strained" honey, obtained by mashing or melting combs containing bees, pollen and honey, has rightly gone out of use. Extracted honey is simply honey thrown out of the comb in a machine called a honey extractor.

The silly stories seen from time to time in the papers about artificial combs being filled with glucose and deftly sealed over with a hot iron have not the slightest foundation in fact. For years there has been a standing offer by one whose financial standing is unquestioned of $1,000 for a single pound of comb honey made without the intervention of the bees. The offer remains untaken and will probably always remain so, for the highest art of man can never compass such delicate workmanship as the skill of the bee accomplishes.

Hare Hunting.

Hare hunting is undoubtedly a more antique sport than the chase of the fox. Xenophon pursued it with delight in ancient Greece, and in Britain the hare was for centuries looked upon as a far more worthy quarry than the fox, which, until the time of Queen Elizabeth and even later, was regarded as mere vermin. Nicholas Cox, author of "The Gentleman's Recreation," a work on sport, published in 1677, writes thus enthusiastically: "As of all chases the hare makes the greatest pastime, so it is a great delight and satisfaction to see the craft of this little poor beast in her own self preservation." And it is to be admitted that in those shifts and expedients which afford to lovers of hounds the true delights of hunting the timid hare is at least as fertile as any known beast of chase in any part of the world.—Saturday Review.

An Answer and a Comment.

The inquisitorial magisterial inquiries have elicited some humorous answers. An old sailor of 75, who reminded the magistrate that he had helped to work the ship that took Sir George Grey and Bishop Selwyn to England, was asked had he ever been in prison.

"Not to my knowledge," was the reply of the ancient mariner.

The court smiled again when in answer to the query whether he had ever deserted his wife the ancient mariner indignantly retorted, "I never had no occasion to."

"Some do it without any occasion," dryly observed the magistrate.—London Chronicle.

Proof Against Wasp Stings.

Mr. Murray, a Scottish naturalist, in a recent paper on the habits of wasps tells how a blackbird will stand at the side of a hanging wasps' nest and deliberately tear it in pieces in order to get at the larvæ, apparently undisturbed by the swarm of angry insects, whose vicious stings instantly put to flight the human curiosity seeker who ventures near to watch the demolition.

SWEET COMPANIONSHIP.

I walk the bosky path by the sea
Alone, yet not alone, for tiny feet
Press the glad flowers with sparkling faces sweet
To tell their names and histories to me.
All else in mood discordant seems to be;
Harsh cries of gulls, the low waves' sullen beat,
The wind that tries its vocables incomplete,
The fog that comes in chill monotony.

The pimpernel, where tangled violets grow,
Whispers of English Maud Loved Wordsworth knew
You tall spired foxglove with its bells of blue;
Their old romance the Heedme hearts confess
Would that life's friends to me might always show
Such sweet companionship, such friendliness!
—Lillian H. Shuey in Overland Monthly.

A FINANCIAL CRISIS.

The Climax Was Forced by a Relentless Slot Gas Meter.

And the slot meter, with its joshing clothes on, can turn some awfully embarrassing tricks. Now there is a young man living in a nice little flat not far from Park avenue, and he had one of the slot meters put in because he holds that it is better to pay for everything as you go and then you know where you stand. For a month past the young man has been running close to the wind financially and economy of the strictest sort has been his watchword. Also the young man's wife, being a woman of understanding, has cut expenses down to the minimum. Last Friday the young man expected to make a raise down town during the day, but the man he expected to meet disappointed him, so he went home without a cent in his clothes, and, to make matters worse, there was no money in the house.

Nothing of the financial crisis in this household appeared on the surface, however. The flat is handsomely furnished, and when some friends to the number of half a dozen called Friday evening everything looked prosperous. The host and hostess were both smiling as young folks will smile through adversity, and matters were drifting along right merrily until the gas went out.

At that instant the young man realized with horror that there wasn't a penny in the house and that the sum of 25 cents wherewith to propitiate the god of the gas-house was an imperative necessity.

"My dear," he said tremulously—"er—have you a quarter in change?"

"Good gracious, Charlie!" gasped the lady somewhat hysterically, but still with great presence of mind. "There isn't a thing in the house but a $10 bi.. '

"I've got some change," said one of the visitors, forking out a handful of silver.

"All right," said the young man. "I'll skin out and get the $10 broken after awhile." The borrowed quarter went into the slot, the gas burned once more, and, in the hilarity that ensued, further reference to that quarter was studiously tabooed.—Minneapolis Journal.

The Scilly Islands.

A letter written by a New York artist who is painting there gives an enthusiastic descripiton of the Scilly islands, which have so far been comparatively unknown to American tourists. Even the English have been slow in realizing the charm of the islands so near their own shores, but it seems that this spring many artists have gone to "daffodil land," and the winter exhibitions will probably be flooded with pictures of the islands. Daffodils have always grown in great profusion in the Scilly islands. February and March are the height of their blossoming time, and to quote the artist's letter:

"The whole land is a blazing sea of brilliant yellow daffodils surging up upon gray rocks and falling back in foam bursts of white narcissus. Even the tulip fields in Holland don't give such gorgeous effects of color. You should stand on one of the little hills here and look across the sunlit fields if you want to see the loveliest things in the world. Yet sometimes I think the flower drifted land is more beautiful under moonlight than in the daylight, and daytime or nighttime the air is scented as though it blew straight from Araby the blest."

Sugar as Food.

In an interesting paper recently published on the value of sugar as a food, as compared with fat, M. Auguste Chauveau maintains that its nutritive value is considerably higher than that deduced from its heat of combustion, and that the calculation that 0.756 pound of the former is equal to one pound of the latter is in many cases exceeded. The increase in relative nutritive value is due largely to the fact that sugar promotes assimilation of the proteids and reduces dissimilation, and the value of a food must necessarily depend not only upon the energy it is capable of supplying, but also on the indirect influence that it is capable of exerting in the renewal and formation of animal tissue. From whatever point of view the matter is regarded the superiority of sugar over fat as a food, whether for men at rest or at work, is very distinct

Life on an East Indiaman.

There was never a finer ship afloat than the East Indiaman from, say, 1800 down to the last of them, such as the Earl of Balcarres. Those old East Indiamen were exceedingly comfortable ships—liberally found and handsomely furnished. It is a question whether passengers grew more weary of the ocean after four months' salt water to Bombay and Calcutta than do travelers in these times after six days of the Atlantic or a little more than a month to New Zealand. People of old, when they went to sea in an Indiaman, knew what they had to expect. They danced, flirted, sang, talked scandal, quarreled and made it up, and often the young people got engaged to be married. All the after part of the ship was a village full of people more or less good humored.—Clark Russell.

'Twas Her Custom.

Miss Murray Hill—I suppose I must congratulate you, Sarah.

Miss Point Breeze—Why?

"Mr. Homewood tells me that you and he are engaged—that you accepted him last night."

"Did I. Well, really, I don't remember, but I have no doubt he is right. I never have the heart to refuse a proposal of marriage."—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

Relics of the Druids.

At Stonehenge, England, there are lines and circles of great stone columns, some with slabs of stone laid across the top. These stone pillars are supposed to be altars built by the Druid priests where human victims were sacrificed to the gods.

The largest mass of pure rock salt in the world is in Galicia, Hungary. It is 500 miles long, 20 broad and 250 feet in thickness

Chilo is a Peruvian word denoting "land of snow."

RISKS ABOARD SHIP.

TASKS WHICH ENDANGER LIFE THAT SEAMEN MUST FACE.

One Disagreeable and Hazardous Job For Which Lots Are Always Drawn. Odors That Sicken and Fumes That Stifle the Sailors.

"There are dangers to seamen about which landsmen never think," said the captain of one of the Baltimore fleet engaged in the Rio coffee trade. "You wouldn't consider the apparently simple process of weighing anchor a risky one, yet there is a part of the job so disagreeable, not to say dangerous, that the men always draw lots to see who shall perform the duty. In the ship's bow there is a compartment hardly big enough to hold two persons comfortably, and here the anchor chain is stowed. The seaman who is to do the stowing and the underofficer who is to oversee the work reach the place down a little ladder through an aperture scarcely large enough for a fellow to squeeze himself. It is so dark there that you can't see your hand before your face, and a lantern has to be taken along. The odor at this time is bad enough, but when the chain begins to come in it becomes almost unbearable. Some of the harbors in the tropics, indeed most of them, are filthy, and there are brought up from their bottoms all sorts of disagreeable souvenirs of your visit. When I was first before the mast, on more than one occasion I almost succumbed to the frightful odor, and I have known finisky young tars who actually had to leave the ship because they could not perform this part of their duties without fainting.

"But of the real danger. Each link has to be carefully placed in its proper position as the chain comes slowly in, for otherwise when it came to dropping anchor again the whole side of the ship might be torn out. Sometimes through the carelessness of the men on deck the windlass is allowed to slip, and the chain begins to run out at a great rate. Then a fellow has to be quick, or he will be dragged up through the shoot and his life crushed out. He is warned of the danger by the metallic rattle and the smoke arising from the friction as the fast moving chain comes in contact with the shoot, and he presses as far back as he can from the iron mass, for he knows too well that a terrible death awaits him if his clothing should become entangled in the chain at such a moment. Only a few voyages since on my ship a man was caught in this way. The mate, who was by his side, managed to rescue him, but in doing so was himself carried along with the chain and had his life squeezed out. I had a pretty close call myself once. While stowing away the chain I accidentally kicked over the lantern, and the light was extinguished. Of course I could not stop in my work to let those above know what had happened, for the misplacing of a single link, as I have said, might result in disaster, and the mate unfortunately was not then near at hand.

"To be alone in the darkness and the horrible stench was far from pleasant, but of a sudden I heard a sound that filled me with terror—the rattle of the chain as it began to swiftly pay out. Some one had blundered, and there I was in that black and loathsome hole, the victim of the blunder. I shrank back, pale and trembling, for it was only a few months before that a poor devil had met the same fate that it seemed awaited me. Remember, I was only a few inches removed from that rushing, rampant mass of iron and there was no little likelihood that in some vagary of motion it might insnare me in its toils. The awful noise, the stench, the odor of the smoke, the sparks as the chain strained against the shoot, all these had their effect upon me, and my mind became a blank. When the mate came for me with a lantern, I had swooned and fallen across the compartment where the chain had laid a few moments before. The chain had run its course before I fainted, else I should have been ground to pieces.

"Sometimes the cargoes brought from the hot countries play havoc by the fumes they give forth. On one voyage the sugar we had aboard made every one sick. Matters finally became so bad that we could not live below deck. I chased a big Newfoundland dog out of its kennel aft and used the place as a berth, while the crew threw themselves around the deck at the imminent risk of being washed overboard.

"The cook had to go into the hold occasionally for provisions, and when he did so he tied a piece of cloth over his mouth and nose. After several such hurried visits he was overcome, and two other men, similarly protected, went down and secured him with ropes, and he was hauled out. The hatches could not be battened down for fear the cargo would spoil, so we had to put up the best we could with the fumes until we reached port.

"The usually pleasant aroma of coffee becomes sickening indeed when a man has to sail for weeks in a ship loaded with the grain. Pine lumber is worse, and petroleum as bad as pine lumber. You taste the stuff in everything you eat, and meat and bread are the same, so far as your palate is able to distinguish, all savoring strongly of whatever your cargo happens to be. Under the influence of the tropical sun these fumes get to be simply terrible. Once we left port with our drinking water in pine casks. We had been out only a few days when the water began to taste resinous, and from day to day the taste became more disagreeable. At last we were forced to stop drinking altogether and make for the nearest port, which happened to be in the island of St. Helena. There we changed the wooden receptacles for others of a material not so easily affected by heat, but in the meantime we had suffered cruelly for our ignorance."—Washington Star.

Full of His Subject.

The Homiletic Review says: "At the close of the forenoon session of a ministerial conference, in announcing the opening subject for the afternoon session, the presiding officer stated that Elder H—would present a paper on 'The Devil,' and added, 'Please be prompt in attendance, for Brother H— has carefully prepared paper and is full of his subject.'

"Imagine his chagrin when an uproar of laughter reminded him of the unhappy witticism he had blundered into."

Delicate Distinction.

The Senior Partner—Say! We ought to get a sign painted saying that we will only pay bills the latter half of the month.

The Junior Partner—Looks to me as if it would be better to word it that no bills will be paid the first half of the month.—Indianapolis Journal

Some people are all the time paying money to fortune tellers for predictions to worry over.—Somerville Journal

Asia is the largest continent, having 16,000,000 square miles.

A HARD ROAD.

Cut In the Solid Rock at a Cost of $120,000.

"The most difficult road to construct and, I believe, the most expensive wagon road in the United States is that connecting the mining towns of Silverton and Ouray, in the San Juan mining district of my state," said Mr. J. L. McNeil, a prominent Denver railway and mining man, at the Cochran last night. "One piece of this road is cut into the side of a mountain of solid rock for a distance of seven miles, and to construct it four years of hard work were consumed. To begin with, there was absolutely no foothold from which a start could be made, but the only practical way of getting a road was by cutting through mountains. The point selected for the start was 500 or 600 feet below the top of the stone cliff, and men were let down in baskets suspended by ropes, and from such shaky stations they drilled holes in the rock and filled them with charges of powder. After more than a month of blasting a ledge was cut into the rock large enough for the men to work on, and a splendid road, 16 feet in width, was constructed along this precipitous ledge.

"The bed is solid rock and is used mostly by wagon trains and pack animals, carrying ores and supplies to and from the mining camps in the mountains. For a distance of more than 500 feet straight up is a wall of solid rock, and over the edge is a precipitous fall of several thousand feet, so that it is necessary for the owner to have a steady footing while traveling this road. Seven miles of road cost $120,000, but the tolls, which have been regulated by the state, have never been sufficient to pay the owner 1 per cent on his investment. Several years ago the state offered $45,000 for the road, which was declined, and another offer has just been made for it, which the owner will probably accept. This strange road is the only means of communication between Silverton and Ouray, and there is no probability of another being built, as the only available route for cutting the cliff was taken by the engineers who constructed the remarkable stone path around the mountain ledge."—Washington Post.

ODD COSMETICS.

Existed Long Before Modern Invention Made Them Complex.

Even in the unhappy ages when people knew nothing of the bath and its rejuvenating properties noted beauties found out the secret of preserving their loveliness by ablutionary aids. Isabeau of Bavaria heard that chickweed was good for the skin and had enormous decoctions brewed thereof and bathed in them daily. Diana of Poitiers was another of the cleanly coquettes and plunged into a tub of rainwater every morning.

The eighteenth century beauties likewise believed in bathing, says Woman's Life, but they put all sorts of odd infusions into the water to improve the skin, such as the bouillon in which veal had been boiled, waters distilled from the honey extracted from roses, a preparation of almonds, melon juice, the milky juices of green barley and linseed distilled with Mexican balm dissolved by the yolk of an egg. These remarkable decoctions were freely used by the ladies who sunned themselves at the court of Louis before the revolution.

Queen Marie Antoinette made liberal use of a "rub," putting into the water wild thyme leaves, marjoram and a little sea salt.

Marie Czetwertynoska, a Russian beauty who exercised great influence over Czar Alexander I, used to bathe in Malaga wine

The Marechale Davout, Princess Eckmuhl, was at 85 renowned for her queenly carriage, superb eyes and beautiful color, her skin being so white as to rival the snow of her abundant locks. She had never used anything but pure water on her face, and she always kept to a very simple diet, even when her table was loaded with good cheer for her guests.

She remained equally attractive to her last hour, although in her youth she had been one of the prettiest women of her time. Her daughter, Mme. de Blocqueville, lived to be just such another white haired beauty and was noted in her old age for dressing with consummate taste and elegance

Cromwell and England's Navy.

Under Cromwell England for the first time felt the power of a strong navy to build up a great nation, says Samuel Harden Church in The Atlantic. It is true that Queen Elizabeth had repelled and destroyed the Spanish fleet, but she assembled her ships only to resist invasion, and her important manouvers were on the defensive. Cromwell built the first fleet that England had yet seen created for the purpose of crushing her enemies and striking down the oppressors of free religion

Spain, still aiming at universal empire, received her first staggering blow when Cromwell, daring to throw away the traditional policy which England had hugged for four centuries, allied himself with France and made war on Spain. His enemies said then and for long afterward that he destroyed the balance of power in Europe. But Cromwell cared nothing for political maxims when they stood in the pathway of that human liberty of which he was the champion. Holland sent out her fleets, more terrible than the old Spanish armada, but Cromwell's generals, acting on sealed orders penned by his own hand, beat the Dutch admirals and sent their ships to the bottom.

He Needed a Map.

Here is the direction given in the south to a bewildered New Yorker desirous of finding a certain man who had some lumber to sell: "When you come to Fonso Payne's gate—you know the fellow what owns Jim Gray—turn to your left and ride on 200 or 300 yards till you come to a frame house in a locust grove, where the Porters—John, you know—lived 'fo' the war and some English people lived there some time ago, but they're gone. Reckon it's rented, for I saw a hawg in the horse yard. Then keep up the hill until you come to a blasted chestnut; somewhere down the hill ther's a gate; turn in and keep the mountain road for two miles and then turn to your left, and you'll come to the hollow, and I reckon he'll be there."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

He Fooled Himself.

A station master who had been taking a short holiday at some distance from his own station went to catch the last train homeward, and on entering the station found a lady trying to turn the handle of one of the compartments. The station master rushed to her assistance, opened the door, bundled the passenger in, slammed the door to, and then, by force of habit, waved his hand to the guard and stood calmly on the platform till the train had steamed out of sight. He had to walk home and the other station master laughed.—London Standard.

POSITIVE PROOF.

Should Convince the Greatest Skeptic in Portsmouth.

Because it's evidence in Portsmouth, It's from a citizen, perhaps a neighbor, Investigation will confirm it.

Mr. Charles Kennedy, of 25 Gates street says: "A few years ago I was laid up with rheumatism for over two months so that I could not get out of the house. I never regained my former strength and my kidneys are apt to become sluggish. During the winter I was taken with a very lame back and the constant ache made me miserable. I was so sore over my kidneys that I could hardly pick up anything from the floor, and twinges caught me in the back that were excruciating. I went to Philbrick's pharmacy on Congress street for Doan's Kidney Pills; after I had commenced to use them I gradually grew better till the lameness and soreness entirely disappeared."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster—Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

Drink Only The Purest

FINE OLD

Ky. Taylor

WHISKEY.

If you want purity and richness of flavor, try our OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR, 8 years old and our own distillation and guaranteed pure. Bottled and shipped direct from our warehouses by us. None genuine without our signature on both labels. For consumption, indigestion, and all ailments requiring stimulants, OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR has no superior. Sold by all first class druggists, grocers, and liquor dealers.

Sold by Globe Grocery Co., Portsmouth, N. H.

OLIVER W. HAM,

(Successor to Samuel S. Fletcher)

60 Market Street.

Furniture Dealer

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Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side entrance, No. 2 Hanover street, or at residence, cor. New Vaughan street and Raynes avenue.

Telephone 59—2.

The Celebrated

7-20-4

10c. Cigar

Contains the cream of the new crop grown in Havana.

Judges of tobacco pronounce them superior to their past excellent flavor.

Let your next smoke be one of this famous brand.

R. G. SULLIVAN,

MANUFACTURER,

MANCHESTER, N. H.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. MIDY

Sold by all Druggists.

Odd Marriage Customs.

An Arab wedding lasts seven days. The husband sees his wife's face after the ceremony is over. It is then proper for him to cry out in delight at its loveliness, and then, as in the Bible, "the friend of the bridegroom, who standeth and heareth him, rejoiceth greatly because of the bridegroom's voice." The people outside the tent raise an answering cry

In Turkey the bride stands behind a screen during a part of the ceremony and is first seen at its conclusion. A Moorish wedding is also a seven day affair.

His Own Dose.

Small Boy—Say, Mr Druggist, ma sent me to buy 10 kreutzers' worth of cod liver oil but don't give too good measure, for I've got to take it.—Der Floh

The finest looking people of Europe are the Tziganes, or gypsies, of Hungary.

Every hair has two oil glands at its base.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

THE HERALD.

(Formerly The Evening Post)

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For Portsmouth and Portsmouth's Interests

You want local news? Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it.

MONDAY, MARCH 25, 1901.

The evidence of the hidden watch and money to be used against Best is the worst, and yet the best evidence.

Queen Wilhemina is said to be dissatisfied with the $10,000 crown presented her by her devoted subjects. Like all other young ladies, she would rather have a stylish hat and have it on straight.

Two Kentuckians are reported to have fought a wildcat in midair in the midst of a raging thunder storm A rabbit being hunted for his left hind foot could not wish to die under more favorable circumstances for luck.

Alas, how are fond hopes "busted!" An inquiry was made by a Boston newspaper regarding the reputed wealth of Isaac Newton Hayden, the contractor, who died in Honolulu recently. According to the report published in the east, Hayden died leaving an estate worth $2,000,000, with no known heirs. Through the efforts of the newspepers, heirs have been discovered. An investigation shows that the report of his wealth has been grossly exaggerated. Instead of being a millionaire, Hayden's estate consisted of only $40. Among the relatives were two Portsmouth persons and they probably do not have such a good opinion of the Honolulu man as they did a short time ago.

All records for becoming bald headed quickly have been broken in Burlington, Vermont, where a man named J. F. Gault lost a fine head of hair between eight o'clock one evening and eight o'clock the following morning. According to the man, as he was combing his hair, it began to come out in handfuls, and when he had combed out all that was loose, the top of his head resembled an egg. He referred his case to local physicians, who cannot explain the strange phenomenon. Mr. Gault is in excellent health, and there seems no particular reason, he says, why he should have been transferred into one of the most baldheaded men in Burlington inside of twelve hours. As Mrs. Gault is not reported as saying anything about the matter, it would be well to wait until she does before forming any opinion.

WITH THE THEATRICAL FOLK.

Primrose and Dockstader are at Boston this week.

Joseph Holland has been engaged to play George Washington in Betsy Ross.

Clyde Fitch will go abroad in April to spend the summer. He has contracted to write a play for Charles Frohman.

Ben Hur keeps on as popular as ever, at the Colonial theatre, Boston, and the audiences are large in the extreme.

The performances at the Tremont theatre, Boston, by Mrs. Sarah Cowell LeMoyne and her excellent company in the comedy drama. The Greatest Thing in the World, are proving as potent an attraction to Boston playgoers as they were last season. The engagement of the distinguished actress extends over another week, after which the company will be seen at Music hall, this city.

The Girl From Maxim's, which comes to Portsmouth soon, has fully justified expectations in point of popularity on this, her second Boston engagement, for she is crowding the Park theatre. Hattie Williams in the role of "the girl" fits the character perfectly and the naughty, mischievous antics of this Moulin Rouge dancer are deintily and artistically performed.

Olivet Commandery, Knights of Malta, is rapidly growing in members and influence. Degrees are worked at nearly every convocation.

ONE VOTE

FOR

Name .....

The Herald's Prize Contest

To the Two Most Popular Boys or Girls of Kittery, Maine.

When filled out send to VOTING DEPARTMENT, PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

THE BOYS HAVE VOTED, TOO.

Kittery Young Folks Have Been Sending in Herald Votes, Today.

The boys over in Kittery have been sending in some votes today while their fathers were voting in town meeting There has been about three times as many *Herald* votes cast as there were votes cast in the town election. This is really the last week for a grand hustle and all hands will make the most of it. The contest closes a week from tomorrow.

The list at noon today stood as follows:

Elroy A. Walker.	2343
Harold Leyden,	2306
Walter Donnell,	1936
Miss Sadie Bickford,	1144
Edgar Emery,	817
Miss Beatrice Goodwin,	500
N. Ellery Emery,	336
Minnie B. Eldredge	335
Willie P. Emery,	127
Ned Shapleigh,	116
Willard E. Locke,	68
Howard Remick	25
Addie E. Brown	14
Miss Cora Milliken,	9
Miss Mattie Williams,	9
Herman Boulter,	8
Myron Spinney,	5
Arthur S. Lane,	5

Conditions.

All that is nescessary to enter is for the boy or girl to fill out the ballot which will be found on page four of each issue and send them to the Voting Department of the Portsmouth *Herald*. There is no limit to the number of times that one can vote.

The Prizes.

To the boy or girl receiving the largest number of votes up to April 2nd at 8 p. m., will receive a modern 1901 bicycle.

To the one receiving the second largest number a gold watch and chain to be selected from one of the jewelry stores in Portsmouth. The prizes will be first class in every particular.

On Saturday afternoon Mrs. C. E. Bickford of Lincoln Avenue entertained a number of friends at whist. The first prize was awarded Mrs. M. E. Hutchinson and second to Miss Grace Henderson.

Buy and Try a Box Tonight.

While you think of it, go buy and try a box of Cascarets Candy Cathartic, ideal laxative, tonight. You'll never regret it. Genuine tablets stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. All druggists, 10c.

NOW PLAYING IN BOSTON.

The manager of Music Hall has received the following advice concerning The Girl From Maxim's:

The company will come direct from the Park Theatre, Boston, where it is now playing to the largest audiences ever seen in that house.

The attraction is the same that played at the Boston Museum last year for five consecutive weeks to enormous receipts, the engagement only terminating because of imperative contracts elsewhere.

Miss Williams' success with the title role has been most extraordinary. The Boston papers have unanimously joined in the general praise of her remarkable triumph.

Said the Herald:—She has a fascinating dash of deviltry.

Globe:—Ever charming, never coarse.

Post:—The very best that ever played the character.

Journal:—She was a tremendous hit, caught the spirit of the character, has a most graceful carriage and superb figure.

Advertiser:—Enjoyable to the end.

Transcript:—Gave the audience a vastly good time.

Traveler:—Tremendously funny.

POLICE COURT.

John Harrington was arraigned before Judge Emery and pleaded guilty to Sunday drunkenness. He was given the usual fine of $10 and costs of $6 90 He will go to Brentwood.

The *Herald* has all the latest news.

ELECTION DAY IN KITTERY

Regular Republican Ticket Wins There by a Good Vote.

A Number of Town Matters of Importance Voted On.

Day Was Rather a Lively One for the Citizens Across the River.

The election in Kittery today was a complete victory for the regular republican ticket headed by Calvin L. Hayes. The weather was very favorable for a large vote and the factional fight in the town made the day a very lively one as usual.

The first test of factional strength was in the election of a moderator and it was after 11 o'clock when the result was announced, or more than two hours after the polls opened. Calvin L. Hayes was elected over Horace Mitchell by a vote of 360 to 289. Charles N. Holmes, democrat, had 7.

The following was the vote for town officers in full:

FOR MODERATOR.

Calvin L Hayes, r	360
Horace Mitchell, r	289
Charles N. Holmes, d	7

FOR TOWN CLERK.

Clarence M. Prince, r	355
J. H. Swett, r	223
Alonzo N. McIntire, d	13

SELECTMEN, ASSESSORS AND OVERSEERS OF THE POOR.

James R. Philbrick, r	356
John A. Phillips, r	361
Franklin Haley, r	359
I. I. Wilson, r	222
F. E Donnell, r	226
George W. Bluisdell, r	222
E. E. Langton, d	13
W. E, Grogan, d	13
Daniel O. Seawards, d	13

TOWN TREASURER.

Mark W. Paul, r	357
D. G. Parker, r	222
Frank T. Clarkson, d	13

TOWN AGENT.

E. Everett Otis, r	357
Oliver P. Remick, r	223

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

Fred H. Wilson, r	359
Granville O. Berry, r	222
H. M. Seawards, d	13

MEMBER OF THE SCHOOL COMMITTEE FOR THREE YEARS.

Ernest L. Chaney, r	358
J. H. Hubbard, r	224

COLLECTOR OF TAXES

Frederick W, Cross, r	355
H. Clifford Call, r	226
George Libbey, r	13

ROAD COMMISSIONER

O. Sumner Paul, r	354
Noah E. Emery, r	225
Moses P. Randall, d	13

AUDITOR.

Charles E. Phillips, r	355
George H. Wasson, r	224
Albert H. Moulton, r	222
Joseph Langdon, d	13

TRUANT OFFICER.

George B. Gibson, r	357
John W. Perkins, r	225
Samuel J. Keen, d	13

CONSTABLES.

George B. Gibson, r	355
John H. Call, r	355
Oscar Laighton, r	356
Edward Graham, r	355
Harry Cook, r	355
Woodbury Keen, r	355
Ranson E. Smith, r	222
David E. Walker, r	223
O. E. Pettigrew, r	223
Oscar Laighton, r	222
S. Ellery Jannison, r	223
Samuel Hodgdon, r	227
J. S. Kimball, r	223
Daniel W. Lydston, d	13
F. D Hoyt, d	13
Oscar Laighton, d	13
Augustus Thomas, d	13

Advertise your business through the columns of the HERALD. It pays!

HORSE THIEF ESCAPED.

Jenness Brown at Large Again, Having Escaped From Asylum.

Jenness Brown, the bold horse thief who was sent to an insane asylum last fall instead of state prison, escaped from the institution in Concord today.

Jenness is the man who took the team belonging to a Seatham woman, which had been left standing on Market square. He was arrested in Boston.

ARREST IN EXETER.

A Portsmouth Thief Captured There by the Police.

Octave Picard, the man who robbed a boarding house on Islington street, this winter, of goods valued at about $50, has been arrested in Exeter where he formerly resided.

Officer Hilton was sent to Exeter after the thief and he will be arraigned in police court here.

REPORT OF TOWN OFFICERS.

Summary of 253d Annual Report of Kittery's Town Fathers.

The following is a summary of the last annual report of the officers of the town of Kittery for the year ending March 4, 1901, and which has just been made public:

Valuation, $624,408; real estate, $574,470 and personal estate $49 938

Amount raised by taxation, $15,402.24

Contingent expenses, $2,186 13, amount unexpended, $141 24; amount of bills contracted prior to fiscal year, $663.38.

Valuation of town property, $17,064.50.

Support of poor, $1,119 65; bills contracted, $1,040.87; overdrawn, $374 74. Six inmates of poor farm, three males, three females.

Roads and bridges, (labor and material,) $3,184 04. Clearing roads of snow, $147.37.

School buildings, $415 66; unexpended, $250 28; bills contracted prior to fiscal year, $286.36; bills contracted this year, $129 20. Text books, $627.96, overdrawn, $263.61; bills contracted prior to fiscal year, $213.82; bills contracted present year, $414.14.

Common schools, amount expended, $5128.70; unexpended, $172 26; bills previously contracted, $846.16; High school, $1200.57; unexpended, $158 43; bills previously contracted, $219.60; bills contracted this year, $980 97.

Amount due town from O. C. Haley, collector, 1899, $238.28; amount due town from J. H Call, collector, 1900, $7.416 15. Total unredeemed town orders, $1,123.13.

Liabilities, $11,854.84; resources $8,170.25. Interest bearing debt, $10,408.

Thirty-two marriages, fifty births and fifty-eight deaths.

The report of the superintendent of schools shows that the schools are in good progress and that the standard is equal to that found in the average town school,

KITTERY.

All the children of the Christian church Sunday school are requested to attend the rehearsal at the vestry Tuesday at 3 p. m.

Mr. Hall hopes to see every boy of the Biographical club at his house this evening. The last meeting was a good one Let us make this one better in every way.

The Seaside Union of Christian Endeavor holds its spring meeting at the Rye Christian church on Wednesday of this week. A good program has been arranged and everybody is welcome.

The Ladies' Social circle connected with the Christian church will meet this evening with Mrs. Mark Paul. The circle will hold its annual sale and fair Wednesday and Thursday evenings of this week in the vestries of the church.

The death of Miss Catherine Cohalin occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Sheldon Manning on Cottle's hill on Sunday night. Her age was sixty one years and seven days. Her home was in North Andover, Mass., and she was passing the winter as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Manning. The funeral will be held in Kittery at three o'clock on Tuesday afternoon and the body will be sent to North Andover that evening for interment. Boston papers and North Andover papers please copy.

New Departure

I have a new stock of

Wall Papers and Paints

Which I can furnish at Lowest Prices.

Charles E. Walker,

Government St., Kittery, Me.

DON'T TOBACCO SPIT and SMOKE Your Life away!

You can be cured of any form of tobacco using easily, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor by taking MO-TO-BAC, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 500,000 cured. All druggists. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and advice FREE. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York. 437

Weak, Nervous, Run Down People.

AT LAST. A POSITIVE CURE.

Help is at hand. No sufferer need longer despair. Old Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills cure permanently and quickly. They go to the root of the trouble, namely, the nerve centres, and give new life, new energy, new red blood and make a new person. Thousands of sufferers thank the day they bought the first box of these wonderful pills.

Have You These Symptoms?

Are you nervous? Are you fidgety? Are you irritable? Are you changeable in your moods? Is your appetite capricious? Does your mind wander? Do you change your mind often on the same subject? Is it hard for you to connentrate your mind on any one subject? Are you fretful? Are you sleepless? Do you have flashes of cold or heat? Are you troubled at times with palpitation? Do you have cold sweats? Do you have spells in which you surely think you are going to die? Do you have strange, roaring, buzzing sounds in your ears? Do you suffer from Paralysis, Sciatica, Locomotor Ataxia?

If you have these symptoms, Dr Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills for weak, worn-out, nervous people should be used at once. They will positively restore you to perfect health, and give a buoyant spirit with nerves of steel and completely cure all of above symptoms.

Sold at all wholesale and retail drug stores, $1 per box, or 6 boxes, sufficient to cure most obstinate cases, $5, and by Wm. D. Grace, 14 Market Square, Portsmouth, N. H., or sent direct from laboratory, all charges prepaid, on receipt of price.

FREE TREATMENT.

To prove the merits of our remedies we will send by mail a five days' treatment, with medical advice, free of charge, on receipt of 10 cents to pay postage and expenses. Send for a trial treatment today. Address HALLOCK DRUG CO., 110 Court st., Boston, Mass.

THE TEXAS RANGERS.

Colonel "Rip" Ford's Story of One of Their Indian Fights.

"What was the most deperate fight you can remember, colonel?" The question was addressed to Colonel "Rip" Ford of the old time Texas rangers. The colonel—a very old man, with a wealth of snow white hair and beard—hesitated, for the question asked for quality, not quantity. After much study he told the story of a fight which occurred in 1851, and Frederic Remington repeats it in his "Crooked Trails:"

"My lieutenant, Ed Burleson, was ordered to carry to San Antonio an Indian prisoner we had taken. On his return, while nearing the Nueces river, he espied two Indians. Taking seven men, he ordered the rest to continue along the road. The two Indians proved to be 14, and they charged Burleson up to the teeth. Dismounting his men, he poured it into them from his Colt's six shooting rifles. All but two of the Indians were killed or wounded, some of them dying so near the rangers that they could put their hands on their boots.

"All but one of Burleson's men were wounded—himself shot in the head with an arrow. One man had four 'dogwood switches' (arrows) in his body, one of which was in his bowels. This man told me that every time he raised his gun to fire the Indians would stick an arrow into him, but he said he didn't care a cent. One Indian was lying right up close, and while dying tried to shoot an arrow, but his strength failed so fast that the arrow barely left the bowstring.

"One of the rangers in that fight was a curious fellow. When young, he had been captured by Indians and had lived with them so long that he had acquired Indian habits. In that fight he kept jumping around while loading, so as to be a bad target, the same as an Indian would under the circumstances, and he told Burleson he wished he had his boots off, so he could get around good."

Here the colonel paused quizzically. "Would you call that a good fight?" he asked.

LOST IN THE MOUNTAINS.

When This Happens, You Keep Cool and Make a Smoke.

In the first place, one should carry a general idea in one's head of the main streams, mountains and gulches. In a new or strange country this knowledge should be obtained at once. On the first day out of a new camp keep on high ground as much as possible; look back frequently, so that the country will not appear strange when you turn back, and do not try to burden your mind with too many small details.

Simply remember, for instance, that if you turn to the left from the divide on which you are you will come into the valley of the stream on which you are camped, but if you turn to the right you will come down on to a stream that flows in another direction. Also remember that your camp is near such and such a looking hill, or, better still, that it is in range with two mountain peaks. It is always better on the first day or two not to get out of the valley in which your camp is located, but if you should do so, go back the way that you came. Short cuts in a new country lose many a hunter.

Always carry a compass, as there is no way of telling the points of the compass by means of bark or branches that can be relied upon. Remember the direction in which your camp is, and then if you get really lost, sit down, build a fire and make a big smoke. This is supposing that you have companions, as no greenhorn should be alone in camp. They will look you up the next day, and it is better to sit by a fire and take it easy than it is to run all over the country. Every year men are lost in the mountains who, if they had kept cool and sat down and made a smoke, would have been in camp by noon the next day. Instead of this they lose their heads, travel clear out of the vicinity of the camp, and sometimes suffer terribly or die of starvation before being found.—Forest and Stream.

Getting Even.

"Skitts found out that his absence from our boarding house wasn't universally deplored."

"How did that affect him?"

"He came back."—Chicago Record.

PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

A Guide for Visitors and Members.

OAK CASTLE, NO. 4, K. G. E.

Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—Charles E. Oliver, P. C.; Willis B. Mathes, N. C.; Robert M. Herrick, V. C.; Frank E. Abbott, H. P.; William H. Hempshire, V. H.; Fred Gardner, K. of E.; Charles W. Hancom, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; George P. Knight, S. H.

PORTSMOUTH LODGE, NO. 97, K. P. O. E.

Meets at Hall, Daniel St., Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month, except Second Tuesday of June, July and August, and Fourth Tuesday of September.

Officers—True W. Priest, E. R., H. E Dow, T.; I. R. Davis, S.

PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, NO. 3, O. U. A.

Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, First and Third Thursday of each Month.

Officers—Harry Hersum, C.; William P. Gardner, V. C.; Edward E. Vendy, S. to Ex.; George D. Richardson, J. Ex.; Frank Pike, R. S.; Frank C. Langley, F. S.; J. W. Marden, T.; Willis Brooks, Ind.; Arthur Parnham, E.

OSCOOD LODGE, NO. 43, I. O. O. F.

Meets in Odd Fellows' Hall every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Officers—Albert G. Stimpson, N. G.; Frederick B. Higgins, V. G.; Howard Anderson, Sec.; Edwin B. Prime, Treas.; Albert C. Plumer, Fin. Sec.

The Degree Flag will be displayed when degrees are to be conferred. Watch for it. All brother Odd Fellows not members of the Lodge are cordially invited to attend the Lodge meetings and are assured a cordial greeting.

COPPER IS KING

A SAFE INVESTMENT AND A SURE FORTUNE

can be made buying Copper Shares now at the present price of 15 cts. per share. Ten cents realize at least

$100 FOR EVERY $10 YOU INVEST

The Copper Cliff Mining Co. owns 4 Copper mines in Kern Co., Calif. Ore Assays per ton $80 Copper, $17 Gold. Veins 2 to 6 feet wide. Ore from the surface down, is rich enough to pay all mining, transportation and smelting charges and leave handsome profit Dividends can be earned and paid without building and operating a smelter or other expensive plant. Experts report mines contain millions tons ore. Stock is full paid and non-assessable. $1.00 per share. We want money enough to develop and take the ore out from the mines and now offer a limited amount of stock for a short time:

$15 BUYS 100 SHARES
$25 BUYS 170 SHARES
$50 BUYS 350 SHARES
$100 BUYS 800 SHARES

We are so confident that stock will go at par that we guarantee that after twelve months from date you cannot buy a share of this stock from the Copper Cliff Mining Co. for less than its par value, $1 per share.

Copper shares have made investors many fortunes the last year. In 1899 a servant in the family of Prof. Akassiz asked him to invest $250 for her He invested it in 50 shares of copper stocks. The compound interest and dividends, added to the present market value amount to $250,000. Grasp this opportunity and do likewise, you cannot lose. Get rich. Buy a few shares before they advance. Send money by draft, express, registered letter or post office order for as many shares as you wish, to

W. M. REED, Investment Broker, 139 S. 5th St., Philada., Pa.

CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR

AND TURFING DONE.

WITH increased facilities the subscriber is again prepared to take charge and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be intrusted to his care. He will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of them, also to the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies In addition to work at the cemeteries he will do turfing and grading in the city at short notice.

Cemetery lots for sale, also Loam and Turf

Orders left at his residence, corner of Richards avenue and South street, or by mail, or left with Oliver W. Ham (successor to S. S. Fletcher Market street, will receive prompt attention

M. J. GRIFFIN

COAL AND WOOD

C. E. WALKER & CO.,

Commission Merchants.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

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Don't Write in Darkness.

The Underwood Typewriter

Writes in Broad Daylight.

The Underwood Typewriter

Is in constant use at the Herald Office, where it may be examined and compared with other machines. It has every feature that can be desired. The easiest running machine; writes every letter in sight without a tip of the carriage or a strain of the neck. The strongest and best. Read what the users say of

THE UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER.

Put Your Best Foot First.

People who habitually depreciate themselves, who keep their best stock on the top shelf and put their worst goods in the windows, may expect to be taken at their own valuation. One of the ingredients of success in this age of competition is an unwavering self confidence, and another is a habit of making the most of whatever talent or acquisition is one's own and therefore an element of advantage. This is very different from mere conceit, from vanity and blustering. For the carrying on of life agreeably, for intercourse with society and for daily happiness we should cultivate the accomplishment which puts the best foot first.—Collier's Weekly.

Professional Cards.

W. O JUNKINS, M. D.,

Residence, 98 State St.
Office, 26 Congress St.
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OFFICE HOURS: 1 A. M., 3 P. M. 7 to 10 Evenings

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DENTAL ROOMS, 16 MARKET SQUARE
Portsmouth, N. H.

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Office Hours:
Until 9 A. M. 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

VIOLIN, CORNET, MANDOLIN AND BANJO Instructions. R. L. Reinewald, Bandmaster U. S. Naval Band, 6 Court Street. Reinewald's Naval Orchestra furnishes music for all occasions. Chauncey B. Hoyt, Prompter.

Old India Pale Ale

Homstead Ale

AND

Nourishing Stout

Are specially brewed and bottled by

THE

FRANK JONES Brewing Co.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Ask your Dealer for them.

BOTTLED IN PINTS AND QUARTS

The Best Spring Tonic on the Market.

BLOOD POISON

Have You Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in the Mouth, Hair Falling? Write for proofs of cures. We solicit the most obstinate cases. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. Capital, $500,000. 100-page book FREE. No branch offices.

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

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LA VIEW

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Where you get the famous

FISH DINNERS.

Most beautifully situated hotel on the coast. Parties catered to.

JOHN CUTLER, Proprietor

The Famous

HOTEL WHITTIER,

Open the Entire Year.

Favorite stopping place for Portsmouth people.

If you are on a pleasure drive you cannot fail to enjoy a meal at Whittier's.

OTIS WHITTIER, Proprietor.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

EASTERN DIVISION.

Winter Arrangement, in Effect Oct. 8.

Trains Leave Portsmouth

For Boston, 8 50, 7 20, 8 15, 10 53 a m, 2 21, 5 00, 7 28 p m. Sunday, 3 50, 8 00 a m, 2 21, 5 00 p m.

For Portland, 9 55, 10 45 a m, 2 45, 8 50, 9 20, p m. Sunday, 8 30, 10 45 a m, 8 55 p m.

For Wells Beach, 9 55 a m, 2 45, 5 22 p m. Sunday, 8 30 a m.

For Old Orchard and Portland, 9 55 a m, 2 45, 5 22 p m. Sunday, 8 30 a m.

North Conway, 9 55 a m, 2 45 p m.

For Somersworth, 4 50, 9 45, 9 55, a m 2 40, 2 45, 5 22, 5 30 p m.

For Rochester, 9 45, 9 55 a m, 2 40, 2 45 5 22, 5 30 p m.

For Dover, 4 50, 9 45 a m, 12 20, 2 40, 5 22, 8 52 p m. Sunday, 8 30, 10 48 a m, 8 57 p m.

For North Hampton and Hampton, 7 20, 8 15, 10 53 a m, 5 00 p m. Sunday, 8 00 a m, 5 00 p m.

Trains for Portsmouth

Leave Boston, 7 30, 9 00, 10 10, a m, 12 30, 3 30, 4 45, 7 00, 7 45 p m. Sunday, 4 30, 8 20, 9 00 a m, 6 40, 7 00 p m.

Leave Portland, 2 00, 9 00 a m, 12 45, 6 00 p m. Sunday, 2 00 a m, 12 45 p m.

Leave North Conway, 7 25 a m, 4 15 p m.

Leave Rochester, 7 19, 9 47 a m, 3 50, 6 25 p m. Sunday, 7 00 a m.

Leave Somersworth, 6 35, 7 32, 10 00 a m, 4 05, 6 39 p m.

Leave Dover, 6 50, 10 24 a m, 1 40, 4 30, 6 30, 9 25 p m. Sunday, 7 30 a m, 9 25 p m.

Leave Hampton, 9 22, 11 53 a m, 2 13 4 59, 6 16 p m. Sunday, 6 26, 10 06 a m, 8 09 p m.

Leave North Hampton, 9 28, 11 59 a m, 2 19, 5 05, 6 21 p m. Sunday, 6 30, 10 12 a m, 8 15 p m.

Leave Greenland, 9 35 a m, 12 05, 2 25, 5 11, 6 27 p m. Sunday, 6 35, 10 18 a m, 8 20 p m.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

PORTSMOUTH BRANCH.

Trains leave the following stations for Manchester, Concord and intermediate stations:

Portsmouth, 8 30 a m 12 45 5 25 p m.

Greenland Village, 8 39 a m, 12 54. 5 33 p m.

North Hampton Junction, 9 07 a m, 1 07 5 58 p m.

Hampton, 9 22 a m, 1 21, 6 14 p m.

Seabrook, 9 32 a m, 1 32, 6 25 p m.

Returning leave

Concord, 8 15 10 35 a m, 3 30 p m.

Manchester, 8 30, 11 10 a m, 4 20 p m

Seabrook, 9 10, 11 48 a m 5 02 p m.

Hampton, 9 22 a m 12 00 m, 5 15 p m.

North Hampton Junction, 9 47 a m, 12 17, 5 53 p m.

Portsmouth, 10 01 a m, 12 20, 6 06

Connect at Rockingham Junction with express trains for Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodsville, Lancaster; St. Johnsbury, Newport, Vt., Montreal and the west.

☞Information given, through tickets sold and baggage checked to all points at the station.

D. J. FLANDERS, G. P. & T. A.

NAVY FERRY LAUNCH NO 132

GOVERNMENT BOAT,

PLEASURE BUSINESS

Leaves Navy Yard 8 20, 8 40, 9 15, 10 40, 11 15 a m, 1 35, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 45 *7 45 p m Sundays, 10 00, 10 15 a. m., 12 15, 12 35 p m Holidays 9 30, 10 30 11 30 a m.

Leaves Portsmouth 8 30, 8 50, 9 20 10 15, 11 10 a m, 2 15, 1 45 2 15, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 00, *10 00 p. m. Sundays, 10 07, a. m., 12 05, 12 25, 12 45 p. m Holidays, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m.

*Wednesdays and Saturdays

GRIGGS HAS RESIGNED.

Attorney General Intends Resuming His Legal Practice.

IN OFFICE ANOTHER WEEK.

Resignation Is to Take Effect March 31, and Next Saturday He Will Leave Washington For His New Jersey Home.

Washington, March 23.—Attorney General Griggs has handed to the president his resignation, to take effect March 31. Mr. Griggs intends to leave Washington on Saturday next for his home in New Jersey, where hereafter he will reside. His intention is to resume immediately the practice of his profession.

It is stated by his authority that he will be associated as counsel with the

JOHN W. GRIGGS.

firm of Dill, Bomeister & Baldwin of New York city.

Mr. Griggs also has formed a partnership with Mr. Dill of Jersey city, under the firm name of Griggs & Dill for practice in New Jersey.

It is learned on high authority that the president has not yet offered the place of Attorney General Griggs to any one, but it is said the probabilities are strong that Philander C. Knox of Pittsburg will be appointed.

Mr. Griggs' Career.

Attorney General Griggs retired from the governorship of New Jersey to accept the office he has now resigned. Mr. Griggs was born July 10, 1849, near Newton, Sussex county, N. J. His early education was obtained in the Collegiate institute of Newton, whence he went to Lafayette college, Easton, Pa., which he entered in 1865. He was graduated from Lafayette in 1868 and immediately turned to the legal profession. He began his studies in the office of Robert Hamilton, in Newton. He did not remain long under Mr. Hamilton's preceptorship, but, departing, continued the study of the law in Paterson in the office of Socrates Tuttle. Admitted to the bar of Passaic county in 1871, a year later he was taken into partnership by Mr. Tuttle.

Mr. Griggs was elected to the assembly from one of the Paterson districts in 1875. Re-elected in 1876, he proved in that year of an equally divided house a valuable man for his side. Put up for a third term, he was defeated. He was appointed city counsel of Paterson in 1879 and was reappointed in 1880, 1881 and 1882.

In the last mentioned year he was elected to the state senate and three years later was re-elected by a large plurality. He was president of the senate in 1886 and as such presided over the court of impeachment which tried State Prison Keeper Laverty. In the following year he was chairman of the committee on judiciary.

After his retirement from the senate Mr. Griggs devoted himself to the practice of law until his nomination and election as governor of New Jersey.

Monster Steamer Launched.

Washington, March 23.—The Korea, which has been launched at the Newport News Shipbuilding company's works, bears the distinction of being up to date the largest steam vessel ever built on this side of the Atlantic. With a length of 572 feet 4 inches and a beam of 63 feet, she will displace 18,600 tons on a draft of 27 feet.

Bill Restricting Marriage Passed.

St. Paul, March 23.—The state senate reconsidered and finally passed Senator Chilton's bill prohibiting the marriage of insane, epileptic and idiotic persons and requiring a medical certificate of all applicants for marriage licenses. Amendments were adopted making the physician's certificate not quite so sweeping.

Foreign Prune Markets Glutted.

San Francisco, March 23.—H. M. Bond, president of the California Cured Fruit association, who has just returned from Europe, says he found the markets of England, France and Germany glutted with prunes. In the eastern states, he alleges, prunes are sold at prices less than those fixed by the association.

Fire at Engine Works.

Schenectady, N. Y., March 23.—The hammer shop of the Schenectady Locomotive works has been burned to the ground. About 200 men will be temporarily thrown out of employment. The cause of the fire is unknown. The officials of the company decline to give an estimate of the damage done.

Soldiers to Visit Buffalo.

Buffalo, March 23.—Several officials of the national guard of Pennsylvania were in the city and held a conference with Director General Buchanan. It is his purpose to bring three brigades, each containing upward of 3,000 members of the Pennsylvania soldiery, to the exposition.

THE ARISTOS Gold Mining Co.

Owning Big Horn Mountain Tunnel and Veneta Vein, 200 acres situated on the Western Slope of Pike's Peak, in the famous Cripple Creek Gold Mining District

THE SAFEST OFFER EVER MADE TO INVESTORS.

100,000 Shares Preferred Stock at 25c. per Share.

It is printed on each certificate that subscribers to the above Preferred Shares will be entitled to receive in dividends the full amount of money invested, before other stockholders receive any returns, signed by the President of the Company.

This District Produced More Gold in 1900 than any other in the United States.

This property consists of 300 by 2000 feet, or 200 acres, of gold land. The mine has been worked. The feature of this mine is the Veneta Vein, 30 to 40 feet in width, and is certainly one of the strongest veins in this famous district. There are some fifty openings in this vein, the ore from which assays in gold from $12 to $100 per ton. The property is advantageously located for development by tunnel, which will make it possible to produce an enormous amount of ore daily, the quantity varying from 200 to 500 tons per day. The development by tunneling is the most economical and advantageous manner of working this property.

At a distance of 800 feet the TUNNEL will intersect the Veneta Vein at a depth of about 650 feet, and will also intersect several other veins. The TUNNEL will cut the Big Horn Mountain 2100 feet deep, and will give this company 2,000,000 tons of ore, worth $20 per ton.

The new railroad, now practically completed from Colorado Springs, called the Colorado Springs & Cripple Creek road, passes within 2 000 feet of this tunnel.

Adjoining this property is the Colorado Springs TUNNEL Company. In this property, at a depth of 400 feet, the Veneta Vein was cut. At this point the vein was fully 20 feet in width, and its value from $20 to $1,000 per ton.

There are already in operation mills and smelters sufficient to treat the output of this property, which gives an once cash returns.

Capital Stock $1,000,000. Par Value $1 00 per Share

100,000 Shares Preferred Stock at 25c. per Share.

In buying this Stock the purchaser owns a direct title in the Company's property. This Company offers you no watered stock, but a legitimate high-grade gold mining investment in the Cripple Creek District.

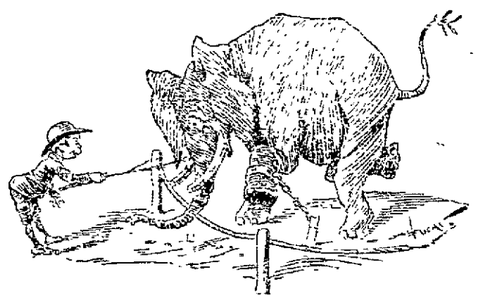
The above offer of Preferred Dividends is an assurance of early returns. After additional machinery is erected, this property will be earning dividends almost equal to its Capital Stock.

Make all Checks and Money Orders payable to

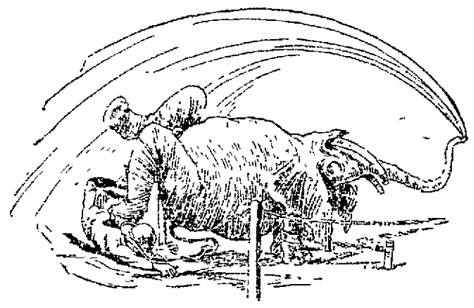
THE ARISTOS GOLD MINING CO.,

411 COOPER BUILDING, DENVER, COLO.

A MISCALCULATION.



1—"I never had so much fun in my life. I can tickle his trunk, his foot is chained, and he can't touch me."



2—(throwing a handspring)—Tag! You're it.

THE HIGH DIVE.

How the Thrilling Circus Act Is Safely Performed.

"About the first thing I teach my pupils," said a trainer of circus gymnasts, "is how to fall. That, you know, is the secret of the great 'head dive' from the roof, which remains up to date the greatest invention in the way of gymnastic tricks that the world has seen."

"It looks almost too perilous to be interesting," I ventured.

"But it is not in the least dangerous, if one only knows how to fall," he continued. "Now, if the untrained performer should attempt to fall in a net from any height whatever, he would be almost sure to break some bones. Should he stretch out his arm to save himself he would be very likely to break it in two places. Should he light on his heels he might break his leg, or, more likely, pitch forward and break his jaw. But just fill your lungs with air and hold them full, double yourself up into a knot, leaving no limb free, and fall on the back of your shoulders just above the shoulder blades, and you can fall from what height you like and come to no hurt. This explains the cannon and catapult tricks.

"Why, once we attempted the catapult trick in a hall where the roof was so low that we had to sink the catapult below the floor. The gymnast forgot all about having his net lowered a corresponding distance, and, when shot 150 feet forward and upward at the same time, didn't he come down underneath the net and land slap bang on his shoulders on the bare floor! We picked him up for dead. You may hardly believe me, but it had only knocked the wind out of him and shaken him up a bit. The next night he was performing as usual. That just shows what the muscles of the shoulders, together with an elastic cushion of air in the lungs, will resist. Then, of course, in the case of gymnasts the muscles become as hard as iron and furnish a great protection for the bones."

Some Chinese rosaries are made of wooden beads, with leather tassels, on which are small brass rings, and are finished at the ends with brass ornaments and tags of leather.

Over 90 boys under 18 years of age have won the Victoria cross.

THE AUTHOR.

Upon a lyric page replete with thought
A modest man affixed his humble name,
Which soon went ringing down the halls of fame,
And to the hearts of men its lesson taught—
A message from the cloud and sunshine caught,
That on the breeze o'er sea and forest came,
Attuned to vocal morning's glad acclaim,
Where life is praise and man alone is naught.

No mortal is the author of one ray
Of jeweled light that springs from truth divine.
To thrill the soul's recesses with its fire;
The mind of man, enchanted, can convey
Reflected glories only from the shrine
Of light and love, whence sound the heavenly lyres.

—Arthur Howard Hall in New York Home Journal.

Wellington After Waterloo.

Lady Morrington told me that when she went to see the Duke of Wellington after the battle of Waterloo and congratulated him he put his hands before his face and sobbed, saying: "Oh, don't congratulate me! I have lost all my best friends!"—Blackwood's.

An Italian doctor has discovered that there is in the common pineapple a substance similar to pepsin and that one pineapple is sufficient to digest ten pounds of beef

Can You Blame Her?

It was raining when the fair young caller prepared to leave.

"We have only two umbrellas," said the hostess, "and I am sorry to say the boys have been playing pranks with them. That one hanging up has painted on the cover in big letters, 'Kiss Me!' and the one standing in the corner has painted, 'This Is a Stolen Umbrella!' You can take your choice of them."

"Well," said the fair young caller without a moment's hesitation, "I don't want people to think I'm a thief."—Chicago Tribune

Unexplored Territory.

Throughout the entire world there are about 20,000,000 square miles of unexplored territory In Africa there are 6,500,000 square miles; arctic regions, 3,600,000; antarctic regions, 5,300,000; America, 2,000,000; Australia, 2,000,000, Asia, 200,000, and various islands, 900,000

SHOT UP INTO SPACE.

AN UNEXPECTED BALLOON RIDE BY A VERMONT FARMER.

A Thrilling Voyage That Was Forced Upon Him by Accident—His Experience in Midair and His Descent to the Earth in Safety.

Eugene McCarthy, a tall, slender Irish Yankee who lived at Waitsfield, Vt., made a sensational voyage at the Mad River Valley fair on Sept. 1, 1897, in a hot air balloon. Tangled in the guy ropes, a prisoner by accident, he shot into the air to a height of 3,000 feet, and after struggling and dangling in midair helpless below the car he returned to earth, not a corpse, but the same rugged Green mountain farmer.

More than 2,000 spectators had assembled at the fair grounds in order to witness the balloon ascension. To make the ascension as advertised the professor called to the crowd for volunteer workmen. Eugene McCarthy responded and took his assigned station inside the canvas balloon car. On the outside, by this time, the huge bag had been raised and supported securely by guy ropes on all sides. A fire had been started in a tunnel in order to furnish the necessary hot air. Fed by kerosene, the flame ran through the tunnel and came up inside the uplifted bag with a stream of sparks. McCarthy and the professor were there to prevent these sparks from firing the cloth. Gradually, as the current of hot air swept into the car, the top part swelled forth until the airship became restless in its attempts to leap heavenward. By the faint applause outside McCarthy knew that the young woman performer, who was to make the descent in a parachute, was ready to start

At a given signal, in order to escape entanglement in the ropes fastened from the balloon car to the parachute, McCarthy jumped to the center of his small circle space. But he caught the hot air from the tunnel full in his face. Half blinded by smoke and flame, he naturally stepped back and unintentionally placed a foot across a raised parachute rope. So when the balloon car, freed from guy ropes, jumped upward, the volunteer workman felt the rope tighten under his leg. By natural impulse he grabbed the rope overhead in order to keep himself from falling head downward He accordingly soon found himself, not on the ground where he belonged, but in midair, swinging 20 feet above the parachute performer and rushing skyward at express train speed.

In the first confusion of the start upward the spectators did not recognize McCarthy in the balloon. They saw a stranger in the rigging dangling below the big canvas bag and naturally thought, as everything went up noiselessly, his presence there an unadvertised part of the programme What made the double ascension still more interesting to them was the everyday appearance of the man He was dressed, not in stage ballet costume like the woman, but in modest farm clothes Therefore, when a short, thickset man suggested a yell of approval, the 2,000 men, women and children sent up a mixed cheer to the balloon In answer the young woman, who rested comfortably on a trapeze bar, bowed and threw a kiss to her admirers. As for the other performer, the man in shirt sleeves, he seemed frightened. He neither bowed nor waved his hand, but held on tight and took no notice of the spectators. They watched him rise to a height of 2,500 feet, where, like his companion, he was merely a dot at the end of a thread

McCarthy, at the start, heard and obeyed the sound advice of the professor to hold on tight. He felt the earth sink rapidly as in an express elevator in a tall office building, and at 1,000 feet began to feel himself more at home. His car then began to go slower and steadier. So he examined his position in the balloon. For a seat, half way between the hot air bag and parachute top, he had a small iron ring, to which were fastened the ropes of the hot air car and parachute. He attempted to look downward, but as the thought of falling unnerved him he grew dizzy Then he remembered a faint cheer and wondered why his friends seemed so much pleased at his dangerous position. His musings in midair continued until he heard the voice of his companion performer.

"Hello!" said she.

"Hello!" said McCarthy.

"Are you safe?"

"I guess so"

"Hold on, for I'm going.'

"Good by!" said McCarthy.

"Good by!" said the girl.

Although at a height of 2,500 feet, McCarthy by this time had begun to be encouraged by the presence of his airship companion. He further had hoped that because of his accidental trip she might not make her drop in the parachute Her announced start homeward therefore gave him some uneasiness He naturally preferred her company. But with true Green mountain grit he held on to the ropes and patiently waited for her departure.

From his boyhood McCarthy had lived on a farm and had never studied at the little white schoolhouse on Waitsfield common such questions as the behavior of hot air balloons in the sky. Therefore he never expected when his friend left him to shoot higher in the air Personally he was satisfied with 2,500 feet, but he was forced to obey the law of nature Freed of the weight of the girl and parachute, which dropped toward the fair grounds, McCarthy and his airship leaped skyward again. For the next few seconds the solitary prisoner closed his eyelids, held his breath and grasped the ropes tighter. He quickly rose 500 feet, and there, at an altitude of 3,000 feet, floated lazily in the still mountain air Far above Bald mountain he took a panoramic view of the scenery, which showed the Montreal mountain in Canada, the white peaks in New Hampshire, the whole sweep of Vermont to the south and Lake Champlain and the Adirondacks in New York state But the man in the balloon soon tired of his view He then waited for the hot, smoky air in the car to cool and take him home.

On the trip homeward McCarthy equalled in grace the parachute drop of the young woman As the hot air cooled he slowly descended and finally disappeared not half a mile from the park behind a clump of trees in Fayston valley. On the ground again, he dodged the falling canvas and immediately started for the fair grounds There McCarthy found himself a hero In a few words he told the story of his wonderful experience in midair, then hitched up his horse, jumped into the wagon and started for home.—New York Sun

Fresh Laid.

McCormick—I want two poached eggs on toast

Waiter—Yes, sir

'And be sure and have them fresh laid.'

"Yes, sir. I'll have 'em laid on the toast, sir.'

VULNERABLE.

When unsymmetric chaos in its might
Ruled the dim, desolate earth and held it bare,
In gloomy caves there wandered everywhere
Amorphous monsters, larvæ of affright.
Deep in the vast, impenetrable night
They lived and loved, dreading no future care
Until their souls were fired to strange despair
When God, to dazzle them, created light.
Groping, like them through sin and ennui's gloom,
I lived in callous stupor strangely dumb,
Pleased with a changeless lot as dull time flies.
O pardoning woman in thy summer's bloom,
Why to illumine my dark soul didst thou come,
To burn me with the splendors of thine eyes!

—Francis S. Saltus in Connecticut Magazine

GENTLEMAN JACK.

A Short Story of a Mining Camp in Nevada.

They called him "Gentleman Jack."

He came to the mining camp at Virginia City one summer's day and asked the superintendent for work. The miner looked at his questioner's white hands, frail figure and neat fitting clothes and smiled. But the man insisted, and finally the superintendent consented to allow him to remain.

That night, when the miners returned to camp, the newcomer was introduced to them as Jack, the only name he gave. His companions smiled as the superintendent had smiled, and one, turning to his fellows, said, "Gentleman Jack."

Jack took his place in the mines and performed his share of the labor. His comrades gradually came to respect the man who, evidently unaccustomed to the life they led, yet adapted himself to the conditions as they knew them. Time and time again they sought to assist him, but he would not permit it. Neither did he talk of himself. Once they happened to hear him refer to Chicago, and it was understood it was his former home.

Six months passed. The miners were one day using dynamite to remove the rock. After the explosion Jack was found lying on the ground, crushed by the weight of a huge bowlder. Tenderly they bore him to the hillside. They thought him dead. The blood oozed down his pallid face. His eyes were closed. As they stood about him the eyelids raised, and a smile spread over his features, followed quickly by a terrible look of pain. His lips quivered, and, bending low, his comrades heard a murmur of words.

"Mother, I have not forgotten," was what he said, and then, in long drawn, suffering sounds followed the words, "Our Father—which art in heaven—hallowed be thy name—thy will—be—done—on—earth—as"— And then, though the lips continued to move, no sound was audible. Those who watched knew, however, that the prayer was finished.

The eyes again closed, the stained, bruised lips smiled—Gentleman Jack was dead. Who he was his comrades did not know. But somewhere a waiting mother may understand as she reads.—Chicago Journal.

African Currency.

In Africa there are several varieties of unusual money. The following incident gives an example of one mode of using currency:

In west Africa there was an illustrious king, Kamrasi by name, of the Wanyoro tribe He sent off an expedition provided with 600 majembe, a kind of iron spade money. The expenditure of 2 majembe per diem would provide for the expedition With them was carried a magic horn, which protected them from danger.

East central Africa furnishes another form of spade or hoe money made of hammered iron. This is made and used by the Bari tribe, who trade with people from the interior. This hoe is of no practical use, except as a portable form of exchange, after barter being converted into weapons and ornaments. At Urua, central Africa, is another form of currency in the shape of a flat cruciform ingot of copper, 9¾ inches in length.

Spears formed a currency in use near Stanley Falls as recently as 1895. The iron spear is very well made. In the shaft is an ornament. The whole thing is 5 feet 5 inches in length and could well be used as a weapon. It is a recognized currency at Lower Lumamu. A smaller object is from the same district, of a graceful shape, but of no use except as money.—Good Words.

The Bark Explained.

A gentleman had left his dog at his sister's while abroad for a few months, and on his return the animal was so excited that he was not surprised to hear him barking in the night. The barking was so persistent that the owner put on his dressing gown to go down stairs and pat Rover on the head to soothe him. He was no sooner in bed again than the noise recommenced. So he made another journey to point out, with some asperity, that the repetition of the offense would call down serious consequences upon the delinquent. He was just dozing when the barking started more furiously than ever and continued until he made a third journey with the walking stick.

Soon after, the disturbance began once more. Fortunately the gentleman was too sleepy to get up again, and at last he went off to sleep, vowing to sell the dog next day. When the morning came, however, his sister hoped that he had not been roused by the barking of—her new parrot! It was always imitating the dog at night, she said.—Chicago News.

Hard on the Children.

Korean school children have a hard time. In the first place, their punishments differ from those of other youngsters. When a child deserves chastisement, the white robed schoolmaster whips the offender on the calves of the legs, the victim standing, or rather hopping, while the operation is in progress. Lessons are taught from "The Book of the Thousand Characters," the children studying the Korean tongue through the medium of Chinese. Scholars must first learn the Chinese characters and then the Korean meaning of these characters. The master sits on the ground, his class around him They are obliged to remove their shoes on entering the schoolroom

The Betel Nut In Siam.

Everybody in Siam chews the betel nut, with the result that the teeth become a bright black like that of patent leather boots. White teeth are considered as repulsive as black teeth are with us, and decay is unknown among betel chewers.

Another effect of the habit is constant spitting, which covers all the floors and streets of the country with dark red stains resembling splashes of blood.

Children born of mothers under 20 years old do not have as good a chance of healthy life as those born of mothers over 30.

The rain falls on the just and unjust, but the latter nearly always have the former's umbrellas.—Town Topics.

THEATERS IN PARIS.

ALL ARE AT THE MERCY OF PIRATICAL TICKET MONGERS.

These Agents Are In League With the Society of Dramatic Authors and Composers, and the Latter Rule the Theaters With a Rod of Iron.

The great abuse that the theater going public in France has to put up with is the ring of piratical ticket agents who buy up nearly all the good seats whenever there is a popular piece running and at once double or quadruple the prices, owing to their successful corner, which, in consequence of vested interests of various sorts, the law is powerless to prevent. These ticket mongers lie in ambush near all the leading theaters and are frequently in league with the "buralistes," or women who, from time beyond memory, have sold places at the regular ticket offices of the theaters.

When asked about the system of selling tickets at the Paris theaters, Mme. Sarah Bernhardt replied: "I have tried in vain to find some way of suppressing the ticket mongers, but this is impossible in France unless the matter be taken up by parliament. The chief obstacle is the Society of the Dramatic Authors and Composers, which is a monopoly and rules all theatrical managers with a rod of iron. It makes contracts with each manager, specifying the amount the society shall take, which is usually 15 per cent of the gross receipts. If the manager refuses to sign the contract, no plays by members of the society can be performed at his theater. This would close his doors, because every dramatist in France is a member of the society. All this bears directly on the sale of tickets.

The contracts between the different managers require that the author whose work is produced shall be entitled to 100 francs' worth of tickets, in addition to two dozen seats placed at his disposal for the first and second performances. Besides this, every author who has one act produced at a theater is entitled to one free seat at the theater for every performance during one year, no matter whether it be his own play that is given or the play of some one else. The author who has four or five acts played at a theater is entitled each night to a free seat for five years. Six acts entitle the author to a free entrance for life. The dramatist who has 12 acts produced at any theater has a right to two free entrances each night for his lifetime, with reversion after death to such third person, also for life, who may be named by will.

"You can imagine," continued Mme. Bernhardt, "how terribly hampered a theatrical manager is in Paris, especially when it is remembered that the assistance publique takes each night for the Paris poor one-eleventh of the total gross receipts. But the worst of it is that the authors usually transfer the tickets secured to them by the Society of Dramatic Authors and Composers to the ticket mongers or other agents, who sell them at the highest price obtainable. This I consider a real grievance and explains the impossibility of doing away with the ticket mongers. I think the Society of Dramatic Authors is to blame for this."

As M. Victorien Sardou was listening attentively to this conversation, and as he is the president of the Society of Dramatic Authors and Composers, the writer asked him to express his opinion on the subject. The prince of French playwrights replied: "The tickets and free entrances accorded to French dramatic authors with hereditary reversions constitute vested interests that have accumulated for generations, and to do away with them would be an impossible task. Years ago, when I was just old enough to go to the theater, it was not so bad as it is now. In those days there was a famous theatrical hairdresser to whom all the dramatic authors handed over their tickets to be disposed of, and from whom they often borrowed money. He got the whole business into his hands and founded the present community of ticket mongers. I quite agree with Mme. Sarah Bernhardt that it would be impossible to make any change at present."

The explanations given by Mme. Sarah Bernhardt and M. Sardou will enable an American to understand why it is that when he presents his ticket at the entrance of a Paris theater it is not glanced at hastily by a single gateman, as in New York, but is critically examined by three grave officials. One of these is the ticket taker of the theater; another is the government envoy, who verifies the gross receipts, so that the assistance publique may get its one-eleventh, and the third is the agent of the Society of the Dramatic Authors and Composers. Convenient features of all the Paris theatrical ticket offices are small plaster and wood models of the auditorium, with each seat [illegible] ly numbered, so that the purchaser at a glance the position of [illegible]

The ushers and cloakroom [illegible] Paris theaters, as well as the [illegible] at the ticket office, are invariably [illegible] The cloakroom women take [illegible] overcoats, cloaks, umbrellas, [illegible] which they give in return a [illegible] numbered check. During the "entr'acte" they will, if so requested, [illegible] the garments to the occupants [illegible] or stalls, so that time may [illegible] getting them on and [illegible] It is a peculiar custom for [illegible] their hats at Paris theaters while the curtain is down. They are always immediately removed, however, as soon as the curtain rises in deference to the performers. The programmes are sold at the theaters for 25 centimes (5 cents) apiece and contain well executed portraits of the [illegible] actors and actresses, with little sketches biography, and frequently with short historical sketches of the theater itself.—New York Tribune.

The Only Thing Left.

James Brown is rich and stingy. An acquaintance of his met Brown's son the other day. "Your father seems to have lost a good deal of money lately. The last time I saw him he was complaining and saying he must economize."

"Economize! Did he say where he was going to begin?"

"Yes, on his table, he said."

"Then he must be going to take away the tablecloth," was the filial declaration.—Exchange.

In a Trice.

Many persons use the phrase "in a trice" who have no conception of its meaning. A trice is the sixtieth part of a second of time. The hour is divided into 60 minutes, the minute into 60 seconds and the second into 60 trices, or thirds, from the Spanish tris.

The cardinal's hat is oval, with a double purple frieze having 30 tassels falling over its back. This costly hat is never used without discomfort until the day when it lies upon his cousin's coffin.

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now, an we have the finest stock of handsome wall papers, that range in price from 15 cents to $5 per roll, suitable for any room, and of exquisite colorings and artistic patterns. Only expert workmen are employed by us, and our prices for first-class work is as reasonable as our wall papers.

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Summer Drinks,

Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Root Beer Tonic, Vanil Orange and Strawberry Beer, Coffee, Chocolate and Soda Water in syphons for hotel and family use. Fountains charged at short notice.

Bottler of Eldredge and Milwaukee Lager, Porter, Refined Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

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A continuance of patronage is solicited from former customers and the public in general, and every endeavor will be made to fill all order promptly and in a satisfactory manner.

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S. GRYZMISH, MFG.

Pure Havana.

HAVE YOU READ

The Herald's Great Offer?

THE HERALD.

MONDAY, MARCH 25, 1901.

CITY BRIEFS

Next Sunday will be Palm Sunday.

To-day is the Feast of the annunciation

New maple syrup will soon be on the market.

The country roads will soon be in good condition.

There was no Saturday morning session of police court.

The organ of the Unitarian church is undergoing extensive repairs.

Baseball nines are being organized among the small boys about town

The prospect for a busy summer hotel season in this vicinity looks very bright.

The New England Order of Protection give a whist party at U. V. U. hall this (Monday) evening.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

A quarterly session of the Rockingham district lodge, I. O. G. T., will be held at Hampton next Friday.

The spring time table of the Portsmouth, Kittery & York street railway company goes into effect today (Monday.)

If you are scrofulous, dyspeptic, rheumatic, troubled with kidney complaint general debility, lacking strength, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The democrats of Newington had a supper in the Newington town hall on Saturday evening, at which many out of town guests were present.

Burdock's Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

The Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Methodist church holds its monthly business meeting with Mrs William Birdle, Richards avenue.

Rev. George E. Leighton of the Universalist church preached on "Seeking and Finding," Sunday morning, it being the fifth in his Lenten series.

Miss Irma F. Wells is to be pianist for the invitation dance to be given next Wednesday evening at Conservatory hall, by Miss Georgietta Frisbee

A good crowd will accompany the Wattawamat and the Delapoon basket ball teams to York this (Monday) evening, for the basket ball game and dance.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

The Epworth league of the Methodist church is to have a musical social on Thursday evening at the home of Miss Almira L. Gardner, No. 12 South street. A fine time is assured.

The members of Gen. Gilman Marston command, U. V. U., will muster in several candidates at their meeting on Tuesday evening. A camp fire and smoke talk will follow the ceremonies

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasent to take; soothing in its influence. It is the remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung disease.

The annual meeting of the Seaside Union Christian Endeavor, will be held next Wednesday at the Congregational church, Rye In the afternoon Rev. George W. Gile is to speak on "Christian Citizenship."

The Greatest Thing In The World Sherlock Holmes and The Girl From Maxim's, now at the Boston theatres, will be seen here inside of three weeks The three strongest attractions ever engaged for Music hall.

Rev. C. leV. Brine continued his Lenten sermons at Christ church on Sunday, his morning subject being "Cross Bearers," while in the evening he took for his topic this article of the creed. "He descended into hell."

The Universalist society is holding committee meetings each week and preparing for "King Jollyboy" which will be given in Music Hall two evenings in April. The gentleman from Brattleboro, who owns the copyright will be in the city this week and commence his rehearsals. There will be about one hundred persons in the presentation

JESUIT FATHER COMING.

A Jesuit Father from Boston College, will conduct services at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, commencing next Wednesday evening On Wednesday evening the services are for all members of the parish and on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings the services will be for the men only.

STAMP SALE LARGER.

Big Increase in Portsmouth, Compared with Two Years ago.

The increase in the demand for postage stamps is so great that the treasury department has been obliged to add the hours of work in the stamp division of the bureau of engraving and printing in Washington in order that the reserve supply may not be exhausted.

The law requires that there shall be kept constantly on hand at the bureau of engraving and printing 100,000 000 1 and 2 1,0 0,0 0 2-cent stamps Heretofore there never has been any difficulty in supplying the current demands for stamps and at the same time in maintaining this reserve.

The demand recently, however, has increased so rapidly that the number of 2-cent stamps in the reserve has been decreased to 15,000 000 and the number of 1-cent stamps to 36,000 000

The annexed table, shows the increase in New Hampshire cities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900 over the ending June 30 1898 the figures representing the total receipts, nearly the whole of which is from the sale of stamps—the money order system yielding a little more than 1 percent.

	1898	1900
Concord	44,611	52,821
Dover	17,613	17,196
Keene	20,473	21,504
Manchester	64 792	66 630
Nashua	31,537	33 86
Portsmouth	26,117	28,070

SPECIAL LENTEN SERVICES.

Special Lenten services will be given by Rev. George W. Gile, pastor of the Baptist church, for the last two weeks in Lent, the topics being as follows:

IN CHAPEL FIRST WEEK

Tuesday evening, March 26, What I Owe to Christ.

Wednesday evening, March 27, Reverence for Sacred Things.

Thursday evening, March 28, How to enter Christ's Family.

Friday evening, March 29, A Decision for Christ

Sunday services, in church, March 31, morning sermon, The Rewards of Christian Services; evening sermon, The Heroism of Jesus.

SECOND WEEK, IN CHAPEL

Tuesday evening, April 2, A Nameless Girl Heroine

Wednesday evening, April 3, Missions, Love of Souls.

Thursday evening, April 4, A Glorious Memorial.

Friday evening, April 5, The Suffering Savior.

Easter Sunday, services in church morning sermon, The Resurrection; evening sermon, The Great Commission.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free Add Sterling Remedy Co, Chicago or N. Y

T. P. SULLIVAN APPOINTED.

Inspector of Granite at the New Dry Dock.

Timothy P. Sullivan of Concord has received official notification from Washington of his appointment as inspector of granite at the navy yard.

His work there will be in connection with the construction of the new dry dock.

OBITUARY

John Carroll, Jr.

The death of John Carroll, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Carroll of 8 Deer street, occured on Friday night, aged one month and seven days. The father is employed on the dry dock at the navy yard.

Miles on Miles

Are walked by the billiard player, as he moves around the table. That is the only exercise many a city man gets It is this lack of exercise in the shut-in-life of the city, combined with irregular eating and indigestible dishes which tend to make the city man the victim of "stomach trouble."

When there is undue fullness after eating, with belching, sour risings and other distressing symptoms, a prompt use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will effect a speedy cure. In the most extreme cases of disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, the persistent use of the "Discovery" will result in a complete cure in ninety-eight cases out of every hundred.

"The praise I would like to give your 'Golden Medical Discovery' I cannot utter in words or describe with pen" writes James R Ambrose, Esq of 1258, Mifflin Street, Huntingdon, Pa "I was taken down with what our physicians said was indigestion I doctored with the best around here and found no relief I wrote to you and you sent me a question blank to fill out and I did so and you then advised me to use Dr Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery I took three bottles and I felt so good that I stopped being as I think cured I have no symptoms of gastric trouble or indigestion now"

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for paper covered book, or 31 stamps for cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

EVERY DAY ELECTION DAY

Herald's Pan-American Trip Voting Goes on Every Day.

There Has Been Some Voting Going on Today.

This is the Beginning of the Fourth Week of the Contest.

This is the beginning of the fourth week in the *Herald's* Pan-American contest. The interest increases each week, there is no doubt about that, although the figures are not so impressively large.

There has been a little voting today. No important changes have been made The list at the time it was closed today was as follows:

Harold N. Hett, Portsmouth Bicycle club,	507
John F. Leary, A. O. H.,	445
Dennis J. Lynch, Kearsarge Engine Co.,	389
Col. John P. Tibbetts, Gen. Gilman Marston command, U V U,	315
William S. Fernald, Chemical Engine Co. No. 5.	183
Charles W. Hanscom, K G.E.	202
Charles H. Kehoe, M. H. Goodrich Co,	56
Charles D. Varrell, Sagamore S F. E. Co.	55
John Ham, W. J. Sampson, H. & L. Co.	21
Capt Horace E Peverly, Co. B, N. H. N G,	12
Edwin F Rowe, Warner club	11
W. J. Kehoe, P. C. C.,	8
George Jones, Kearsarge Engine Co.	7
Fred Manson, M. H. Goodrich Co.,	5
John A. Harmon, assistant engineer, P. F D.	2

POSTON, MASS, Mar. 21, 1901

The Herald's Prize Contest:—Please find enclosed two votes for Dennis Lynch and two for Miss Bickford. We sincere hope that Mr. Lynch will get it, also Miss Bickeord. Also find enclosed $1 for subscription to the *Herald* for three months.

MISS JULIA SULLIVAN,
6 Mt. Vernon Place,
Boston, Mass.

The conditions of the contest are as follows, a most liberal offer:

The Portsmouth *Herald* agrees to send three residents of Portsmouth, who are either members (of the Portsmouth fire department, a social club or of some secret society, to the Pan-American exposition, pay all their expenses from the time they leave, until they return, including a week in Buffalo, with board and lodging and admission to the exposition daily.

This offer beats anything ever announced by any newspaper in New England, and is so far above the expense and interest of a trip to the national inauguration that it cannot be mentioned in the same class.

The contest will not be restricted to gentlemen but will be open to any lady who is a member of the various secret societies or auxiliary societies in Portsmouth.

The trip will include stop over privileges en route and returning and first class accomodations will be provided. In order that every detail of the grand tour may be properly looked after, the publishers will either send an agent in advance or with the party to make arrangements.

Everybody knows that the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo is to be grander and greater in every way than the World's fair and the visit will be the event of a lifetime.

The contest opened on Monday, March 4, when the first ballot appeared and which will appear daily until June 1, next, the last ballot to appear on the latter date, and the three persons having the greatest number of votes will have the grand privilege that has been offered. The last ballots must be received at the *Herald* office by 7.30 p. m., on Wednesday June 5, and the results of the contest will be announced at the earliest possible date.

This is an opportunity never before equalled in this section of the country and well worth the attention of every one eligible for such a trip. Vote early and vote often. Elect yourself.

A HORRIBLE OUTBREAK

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of 'scald head,'" writes O. D. Isbill of Morgantown, Tenn., "but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her." It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25c at Globe Grocery Co.

MONEY

GAS BILLS REDUCED **25 to 50 Per Cent.**

Guaranteed Saving
By attaching to any Gas Meter

Governor as attached to the Riser on Consumer's Side of Gas Meter.

THE SLEEMAN AUTOMATIC GAS SAVING GOVERNOR

INSURING GREATER BRILLIANCY, STEADIER FLAME, SECURITY AGAINST FIRE. INSURANCE RISKS GREATLY REDUCED. NO BLOWING NOR SMOKING BURNERS. NO BROKEN GLOBES.

Marvelous Sanitary Effects.

No Poisonous Vapors from Unconsumed Gases. No vitiated Atmosphere. No smoked-up Walls, Paintings nor Drapery.

Practical Economy.

You pay their cost to Gas Company every three months, four times a year.

Reliable and Durable,

And so constructed that it can not get out of order or wear out. No Acids or Mercury used to poison the Atmosphere.

Better than Government Bonds, Savings Banks Accounts, or Real Estate Investments,

Is the Guaranteed Saving of from

25 TO 50 PER CENT

monthly on all Gas Bills.

WE COURT THE SEVEREST INVESTIGATION. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

Prices from

$15.00 TO $400,

according to size of meter and number of lights.

Indorsed by U. S. Government and Leading Corporations throughout the Country.

THE GAS TIP REGULATOR

Designed to take the place of the above for residences and small consumers. Goes in the burner. Can be adjusted by a child. Simple and durable. Absolutely controls the pressure and will save you from **30 to 60 per cent** on your monthly bills. Will do all the work claimed for the large machine. **Price, 25 cents each. $2.50 per dozen.** Sent postpaid on receipt of Postal, Money Order, Currency or Stamps. Liberal terms and exclusive territory to agents.

INTERNATIONAL GAS SAVING MAN'F'G CO.

126 LIBERTY STREET, NEW YORK.

FOR YOU

PERSONALS.

Willard Howe of Boston was in this city on Sunday.

Clement Clark is seriously ill at his home on Cabot street.

Miss Emma Lynn is quite ill at her home on Winter street

A B. Winkley of Barrington is visiting Portsmouth friends.

Colonel A. F. Howard passed Saturday in Boston on business.

William O'Herhily is to engage in the boot and shoe business.

Miss Bernice Tilton of Raymond is the guest of friends in this city.

Horace G. Pender of Boston passed Sunday at his home on Merrimac street.

Clara Baston of York Harbor is the guest of Mrs. Valentine Hett, Deer street.

Charles Quint of Boston passed Sunday in this city as the guest of Roy Currier.

Mrs. Edward Voudy, who has been very ill with the grippe, is slowly improving.

Frank Kimball, Columbia street, passed Sunday in Newton, Mass., with his parents.

Lawyer Eugene Cowes of Boston was in town on Saturday, the guest of Judge Calvin Page.

Miss Harriet Whittier of Boston is the guest of Miss Gertrude Cotton, Islington street.

The friends of D. W. Barnabee will be pleased to learn of his continued improvement in health.

Hon. John W. Sanborn of Sanbornville was in town on Saturday the guest of Hon. Frank Jones.

Mrs. George Dunbar, Autumn street, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. George Hall of Stratham.

Miss Lillian Cameron, Austin street, who has been making an extended visit in Waltham, Mass., has returned home

Rev. C. leV. Brine, who has been confined to the house for a few days past, is again able to attend to his duties.

John Torrey of Newfields, who is now travelling in the interest of the Frank Jones Brewing Co, was in town on Saturday.

Police Officer Jacob Burns has so far recovered from his long illness as to go out of doors. His wife is now quite seriously ill.

Colonel Aaron Young will soon greet his friends down town. His health is at the present time better than it has been for a year.

Mrs G Ralph Leighton, Middle street, left on Friday for Philadelphia, where she will be the guest of Dr. and Mrs. William Ker Shea.

Mr George L. Parks, who has been restricted to his home for some time, is again able to be out, to the gratification of his many friends.

Mrs. Edward E. Vaughan of Milford, Mass., who has been attending her invalid mother, has returned home, Mrs. Hall being improved.

Mrs. A J Fogg of Boston is compiling a genealogy of Samuel Fogg, who came from England to Hampton soon after its settlement in 1638, and of his many descendants.

William Morris, the very clever actor and star with the When We Were Twenty-One company, has hosts of friends here. He was much pleased with the fine audience and reception accorded him on Saturday evening.

Principal John Gault of Webster street school, Manchester, formerly principal of the Haven school in this city, is leading in the Manchester News' free trip voting contest to the Pan American exposition John has many friends here, who hope he will secure the coveted prize.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

OBSEQUIES.

The funeral of Mrs. Augusta Ellen Ayers took place at 3:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon at her late home at 45 Middle street, the Rev. Mr. Leighton, pastor of the Universalist church, officiating Interment was in the family lot in Harmony Grove cemetery.

The funeral of Mrs. Sarah Ann Philbrick was held in Rye on Sunday afternoon. The services were conducted by Mrs. A. A Young of South Berwick, Me., assisted by the Rev. Mr. Lambert of the Rye church. Interment was in the family lot by Mr. Ham of this city.

The funeral of John Carroll, Jr., infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Carroll, of Deer street, was held on Sunday and the interment was in Calvary cemetery by Mr. O. W. Ham.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

HARBOR FRONT NEWS.

Arrived, Mar. 24.—Tug Shawanese, Portland for Perth Amboy, towing barge Baltic; tug Piscataqua, Gloucester; schooners Metropolis, St. Andrews, for Boston; W. D. Mangan, Boston for Belfast; Manburg, Jonesboro for New York; Mildred A. Pope, Calais for Atlantic City; Grace E Stevens, Portland for Boston.

Arrived, March 25 —Steamer Frostburg, Baltimore for Portland, leaving barge Number Sixteen.

Palm Sunday occurs on March 31st. After that Good Friday, then Easter Sunday.

RED IN THE BLOOD

is the sign of life, of vital force, of the force that life has, of the force that life is.

When the red is lacking, life is weak, the spirits are weak, the body is weak.

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil puts red in the blood and life in the body.

It's the food you can turn into muscle and bone and nerve. It gives you the mastery over your usual food—you want that. What is life worth if you've got to keep dosing yourself as an invalid?

Red in the blood! get red in the blood!

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

LOW PRICES.

Many people shout Low Prices. The prices are low—so is the quality of the goods. We say low prices and we back up the statement with a good strong reason. We can make the best Clothing—make it as well as it can be made—at low prices, because our expenses are light and we have many patrons. There is no use throwing money away There is no use paying any more for perfection than you have to. We will be glad to see you at any time.

HAUGH,

LADIES' AND GENTS' TAILOR

20 High Street.

NOW

Is the time to inspect the samples of

FALL and WINTER CLOTHING

I have just received a new lot of samples and I am prepared to make suits from $15.00 up and pants from $4.00 up.

CLEANSING, REPAIRING AND PRESSING A SPECIALTY.

Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed

O'LEARY, THE TAILOR.

5 Bridge Street

Old Furniture Made New.

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Robert H. Hall and have it re-upholstered? It will cost but little.

Manufacturer of All Kinds of Cushions And Coverings.

R. H HALL

Hanover Street, Near Market.

PILES Williams Indian Ointment is a cure for PILES. It stops tumors. Stops GIVES RELIEF and $1. At Druggists

For sale by George Hill, Druggist.

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